The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1901 XL—NO 24

VICTORY FOR CHUN.

Kaiser May Receive Prince Today--Not to Be Spectacle of

GERMAN IMPERIAL SUPREMACY

Semi-Official Intimation That Germany Did Not Wish to Place China In Attitude of Having Countenanced Assassination.

Potsdam, Sept. 4.—Prince Chun arrived here yesterday afternoon from Switzerland.

It is said that Emperor William will receive the Chinese envoys in the new palace at noon today.

Berlin, Sept. 4.—It is said in official circles that the interview between Emperor William and Prince Chun must occur today or tomorrow, as his majesty goes to the manousvres Friday.

The correctness of the report of the Ostasiatische Correspondez that Emperor William removed all hindrances from Prince Chun's coming to Berlin, by telegraphing his willingness to receive him alone is admitted in official circles.

The correspondent of the Associated Press learned that Baron Von Richthoff, the foreign secretary, will assist Emperor William at the reception of the Chinese envoy.

Kien Chang, the new Chinese minister here, will act as interpreter. No other Chinaman will be present.

It is generally conceded here that the settlement of the Chinese situation marks another success for Chinese diplomacy. A semi-official intimation has been conveyed to the press that the government waived the petition for forgiveness owing to a desire not to place China in the attitude of having countenanced assassination.

The first flush of satisfaction at being rescued from an awkward position having passed, the press and public now vent their spleen upon Count von Buelow, who has really saved the government from an absolute fiasco. The Pan-German papers are particularly bitter. They deride the imperial chancellor with a lack of stamina and refer to the incident as "the greatest snub since Olmuetz."

$400 000 IS WAGERED.

Pittsburgers Bet $250,000 Against 150,000 of an English Syndicate, on Yacht Race.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 4.—The great international yachting bet of $400,000 between an English syndicate represented by Walter J. Kingsley of London and a group of patriotic Pittsburgers, represented by William I. Mustin was finally arranged. The entire sum was deposited in the hands of a stockholder, who would not allow his name made public, Mr. Kingsley turning over $150,000 in British bank notes and Mr. Mustin giving a certified check for $250,000.

The stake is to be paid within one week of the concluding race, the place of meeting to be New York. The wager is simply $150,000 to $250 000 that Shamrock lifts the cup. There are no conditions as to accident. Both Mr. Mustin and Mr. Kingsley, the brokers for their respective syndicates will receive handsome commissions. Mr. Kingsley is to get 5 per cent of the whole amount in case the Shamrock wins, and 2½ per cent of $150,000 in the event of her losing.

SCHOOLS UNABLE TO START.

Disagreement at California Ties Up Educational Machinery.

CALIFORNIA, Pa., Sept. 4.—Though the schools of town were to have started to-day, they have not yet opened, and there is no knowing when they will. The trouble is a disagreement between the school board and officials of the normal school.

California has never had a public school building. By the payment of so much per capita they have been entering the students at the normal. The agreement permitted the selection of the five teachers for the normal school by the school teachers for the normal school by the board.

Last week a meeting was held to arrange matters for this term. Everything seemed satisfactory until the contract was prepared, when Prof. Noss, of the normal, it is alleged, refused to sign, and all efforts to get together have failed. The matter will probably be taken to court.

KILLED BY A TRAIN: IDENTIFIED BY HER SON.

Tragic Finale to the Attempt of Wisconsin Women to Drive Across Track.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 4.—Mrs. S. S. Barney, of West Bend, wife of Congressman S. S. Barney, and Mrs. W. H. Ramsey, Sr., of Port Washington, wife of a former State bank comptroller, was killed by a Northwestern train to-day, one mile south of Port Washington station. The women were driving across the track and the train struck them.

For over two hours the remains lay at the station unknown. W. H. Ramsey, Jr. was asked to see if he could recognize the bodies. Mr. Ramsey picked up the covering upon the body of Mrs. Barney, but the remains were so terribly mangled he could not make out the features. He lifted the cover from the other body, and fell back, trembling with blanched face. He had looked upon the dead face of his mother.

Congressman Barney was trying a case in Judge Lick's court, at the time. He was overcome by the shock, and court adjourned.

SENATOR QUAY SATISFIED.

So Stated After a Conference With Recorder Brown, at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Sept. 4.—Interest was added to the political situation by Senator M. S. Quay quietly slipping into the city, and going direct to Recorder A. M. Brown's law office on Fifth avenue. He sent for, the recorder, who was in his office in city hall, and the recorder promptly responded to the call. Senator Quay remained in the law office and the two men had a conference at noon. This talk lasted for some time. Senator Quay leaving later for his home in Beaver. After the meeting it was announced that Senator Quay had assured the recorder that he was satisfied with his course and approved the removals in the city offices made during the last week. Senator Quay as he was going to his train was asked what he thought of the Pittsburg political situation. Senator Quay replied: "I am very well satisfied with matters as they now stand."

When asked as to Recorder Brown's appointments he refused to say anything, simply replying: "I will not discuss or speak on that subject."

SURPRISED AT THE YACHT.

All Connected With Constitution Were, Over Unsatisfactory Showing, Since Overhauling.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 4.—The cup challenge committee of the New York Yacht club decided not to send the Constitution and Columbia out yesterday, as originally intended. So surprised are all connected with the Constitution at the unsatisfactory showing she has made since she was hauled out for cleaning at Bristol that a diver was engaged yesterday to examine her bottom for obstructions to her speed. He reported he could discover nothing amiss.

Mr. Nat Herrshoff spent several hours aboard the Constitution, altering her trim. The new mainsail, which was bent at Bristol when the boat was overhauled for the trial races, was unbent and the old mainsail which she carried when she first came out was substituted.

The cup committee do not wish to elect the defender in a hurry. They wish to have the question of superiority settled definitely. Therefore a race every day this week will in all probability be sailed.

MAY DESIRE TARIFF REVISION.

Manufacturers' Committee to Meet to Decide on Convention.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4.—The executive committee of the National Association of Manufacturers will meet here today. The committee at the recent annual convention of the association at Detroit was instructed to learn the sentiment of the manufacturers of the country on these subjects. This has been done, and it is believed that at today's meeting the reports to be made by members will so strongly favor aradical revision of the tariff and reciprocity treaties and that the committee will issue a call for such a convention.

GORMAN IN CONFERENCE OF MARYLAND DEMOCRATS.

Baltimore, Sept. 4.—Former United States Senator Gorman was the chief figure at the conference of the Democratic leaders held here to outline plans for the coming campaign in this state. The conference was held behind closed doors, but at its close the announcement was made that nothing but routine work had come before it, the most important matter being the reports of the representatives of the various counties as to the prospects in their territory. The reports are said to have been of the rosiest nature.

NOTES OF NEARBY TOWNS.

YOUNGSTOWN, O.—Michael C. Blake, one of the best known young men of the city, died from blood poisoning.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va.—W. S. Barrett, of this county, was fatally injured in the Sand Fork field in a runaway.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa.—New Haven will have a public drinking fountain. It will be erected by the W. C. T. U. of that town.

OIL CITY, Pa.—Frank Miller, 65 years old, committed suicide at his boarding house here by taking a mixed dose of morphine and laudanum in a beer glass.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va.—A telegram from the Elks' lodge in Los Angeles, Cal., to the Parkersburg Elks announces the suicide there of Colonel Lamphere, well known throughout the oil fields. He had gone to California to drill wells.

TO RETURN UNLESS STRIKE IS SETTLED?

Youngstown Amalgamated Men Unsettled and Restless—To Send Ultimatum to Shaffer.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Sept. 4.—A report was current to-day that the Amalgamated men of the American Steel Hoop Company would send an ultimatum to President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated association, to the effect that they would return to work at once unless the strike is settled. It was said that the men from Niles and Warren would join them in this announcement, and that a meeting had been called for this place this afternoon.

This statement was strenously denied by both puddlers and finishers of the hoop mills. They said no such move had been made and that the Youngstown men would not entertain such a proposition. While the men are loud in their declarations that they will stand out, there is a feeling of unrest among the men which portends such a move within a short time unless the strike is settled speedily. Vice President Ward will leave to-morrow morning for Cleveland to continue his work at the Crescent mill. He says that the trust has made no material gains in the mill there, and that the Amalgamated men are still holding out.

Murders by a Carpenter.

CORNING, N. Y., Sept. 4.—Miles E German, a carpenter, killed his wife with a revolver last night. He fired at his mother-in-law, Mrs. A. D. Hollis, wounding her slightly in the head, and attempted to shoot his 6-year-old girl, but missed her. He then killed himself.

RETURNED TO WORK

Strike Broken in Several Mills.

TIN MILL WORKERS IN REVOLT.

Hundreds of Strikers in the Pittsburg District Have Gone Back to Their Work, and Six Hundred May Return Tomorrow—Much Feeling Against Shaffer.

Pittsburg, Sept. 4.—The strike at the Pennsylvania Tube plant here was practically broken this morning by one hundred and fifty strikers going to work. The six hundred mill men still out will meet this afternoon, and it is thought they will return to work. The Demmler tin plate plant at McKeesport, under heavy guard, will start with full force tonight, and trouble is expected there. Over four hundred men went to work at the National tube works today.

Pittsburg, Sept. 4.—Dissatisfaction with the policy of President T. J. Shaffer will likely start a movement for desertions from the Amalgamated Association. A member of the International Protective Association of Tin Workers' said last night the men employed in the hot mills of the Joliet plant of the trust held a meeting and took action looking to the withdrawal of that lodge from the Amalgamated Association and its alliance with the tinhouse men as represented in the new order. The insurgent organization is composed of men employed in the finishing mills attached to the hot mills. As a rule they are not looked upon as skilled workers, and when the organization was perfected some few years ago, President Shaffer is charged with throwing cold water on the movement and saying the men were unskilled and for that reason they should not organize.

The tinhouse men, however, went on with their organization and have a membership now of some 10,000 men. They secured a scale for their union two years ago and had the second signed this summer. When the strike was ordered by President Shaffer, the new organization was asked to refuse to work and especially to keep from handling any nonunion material from the hot mills. The reply has thus far been evasive and the officials of the steel trust have been confident that when they were ready to start finishing material, the tinhouse men would be stand by their contracts.

The jealousy with which President George Powell has guarded the scale of the independent organization and the determination that has been manifested by him to keep all agreements made with the trust, has led the Joliet men, it is said, to take this step. In order not to be alone in the matter the Joliet lodge addressed letters to the tin workers in the Demmler mills and also the Star mills in Pittsburg, asking them to join in the movement.

It is understood the men now on strike in the Demmler plant have taken the matter up seriously and will probably join in the movement. No word has been received from the Star mill lodge and the promoters are waiting for some expression from the men there with deep interest. If these two lodges agree, others are believed to be easily gotten.

The starting of the movement in Joliet is said to be due to the fact that the men employed in the hot mills there have had but two months work out of twelve and are in absolute want. They have received no aid from the Amalgamated Association to speak of, and are said to be disgusted with the strike that called them from their work.

The withdrawal of the tin workers from the Amalgamated Association will weaken the latter organization more than anything else. The tin workers are a strong body of men and loyal to their organization. Under ordinary circumstances, it would have been impossible to have brought about such a movement as the one proposed, but the men in the mills seem to be thoroughly aroused over the serious predicament they are in and are willing to stand up for a new union based on the same principles as that working in Europe.

Have you a sense of fullness in the region of your stomach after eating? If so you will be benefitted by using Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They also cure belching and sour stomach. They regulate the bowels, too. Price 25 cents. Sold by E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzly, and Rider & Snyder.

MINE WORKERS' MEETING.

Strikes in Two Counties Will Receive Attention.

Columbus, Sept. 4.—The executive committee of the United Mine Workers' has been ordered to meet in this city today, to consider the strike situation in Belmont and Columbiana counties. Robert Legg, of Stark county, and James McKee, of Columbiana, are members of the committee. The trouble in Belmont county is at the Empire coal mines, where the organization is being strongly antagonized. It is proposed to wage a stiff fight against the company and unionize, if possible, the mines.

IN SOUTH AFRICA.

British are Confused by Boer Operations.

RAIDERS ARE NEAR CAPETOWN.

One Hundred Thousand Boers in Concentration Camps Will be Moved to Garrisoned Towns Near the Coast.

Capetown, Sept. 4.—Military men frankly confess that they do not understand what is happening in South Africa. They are confused and bewildered when they stick pins in their maps and observe the extent and magnitude of the operations of the raiders. An experienced official says that he suspects that Mr. Kruger was not far from the truth when he asserted that twelve thousand Cape rebels had revolted. This is a pessimistic confession, but it illustrates the depression prevailing in official circles.

The military administration has determined, it is said, to deport all the Boers in the concentration camps, numbering upward of one hundred thousand, to garrison towns on the coast, where food is more readily available. The railways, thus relieved, will probably suffice to supply food for the population of Johannesburg, which is as large as before the war, permitting the reopening of all the mines.

A well mounted force of Boers has looted Barrydale in the Swellendam district, one hundred and forty miles from Capetown. Scheeper's Boer command passed close to Montague yesterday and had a slight brush with the local police. They had spare horses and were apparently well equipped. A column of troops has gone in pursuit.

BOLD TRAIN ROBBERS.

Dynamited Safe and Then Stole Locomotive.

Texarkana, Ark., Sept. 4.—A Cotton Belt passenger train leaving Texarkana at 9:25 p. m., in charge of Conductor Armstrong and Engineer Henderson, was held up and robbed near Eylau, four miles south of Texarkana last night.

The train was flagged by one of the robbers who forced the fireman to go back and cut off the mail and baggage cars and returning forced the engineer to give up the engine. One of the robbers, an expert engineer, ran the engine, mail and express cars a mile from where the first stop was made, and forced the express messenger to open his car. The robbers then blew open the safe with dynamite securing, it is said, a large amount of booty. No passengers were robbed. The robbers, after securing the loot, cut off the engine from the mail and express cars, forcing Engineer Henderson to get off, they took the engine, in charge of the robber engineer and went south at full speed. At 1:40 this morning the engine had not been found.

A COMMISSION APPOINTED.

Investigation of Prof. Koch's Tuberculosis Theory.

London, Sept. 4.—King Edward has appointed a commission to investigate Prof. Koch's tuberculosis theory. The scope of the inquiry is officially said to be whether animal and human tuberculosis are identical, whether animals and human beings can be reciprocally infected, and under what conditions, if at all, transmission to man occurs, and the means of combatting it.

DEATH OF MISS THOBURN.

New York, Sept. 4.—The death of Miss Isabella Thoburn, a sister of Bishop Thoburn and Mrs. General Cowen, in India, has been confirmed. For thirty years she had been a Methodist missionary.

THE NEWS BY WIRE

Statement of the National Debt.

PURCHASE OF DANISH ISLANDS.

Sale of Lands in Oklahoma Territory Completed — China's Apology for Murder of Ambassador Received by the German Emperor.

Washington, Sept. 4.—The monthly statement of the public debt issued yesterday shows that at the close of business Aug. 31, 1901, the debt less cash in the treasury amounted to $1,036,349,866, a decrease for the month of $5,460,597. The debt is recapitulated as follows: Interest bearing debt, $982,640,090; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, $1,393,620: debt bearing no interest, $382,287,481; total $1,366,321,121. This amount, however, does not include $78,003,369 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash held for their redemption. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows: Gold reserve, $150,000,000; trust funds, $780,033,689; general fund, $165,770,932; in national bank depositories, $103,035,934; total, $1,198,840,459, against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to $868,869,103, leaving a cash balance on hand of $329,971,355.

The general land office has been informed of the completion of the sale of town lots in the town of Lawton, in the newly opened part of Oklahoma, which finishes the government sale in all the towns in that section. In Lawton there were 1,420 lots sold, the receipts from the sale amounting to $414,845, making the total receipts from the sale of town lots in the towns of Lawrence, Anadarko and Hobart $736,033. The highest average price, $291 per lot, was secured in Lawton. The money accruing from the sales has been placed in the subtreasury in St. Louis to the credit of the secretary of the interior as trustee for the three towns. Under the law it will be devoted to improvements in those towns and in the surrounding country.

The state department has had no word from Minister Newell, of the successful close of the negotiations looking to the acquisition by the United States of the Danish West Indian Islands. The department had left this matter almost entirely in Mr. Newell's hands, and his reports have indicated a belief that he would be able to arrange a treaty in readiness for submission to congress at its next session. The price named in the latest European dispatches, namely $4,800,000, is believed to be slightly above the mark, for $4,000,000 represented the maximum figure referred to in the earlier stages of the negotiations, and it was expected that the deal could be made at $3,700,000 If the treaty is drawn, as seems now probable, it will require action on the part of both branches of congress, unlike ordinary treaties, inasmuch as the house must provide the necessary appropriation.

CONFERENCE WITH SCHWAB.

Another Effort to Settle the Great Strike.

New York, Sept. 4.—At noon today Samuel Gompers, president of the American Feedration of Labor, John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, Prof. Jenks, of the industrial commission, and numerous members of the Amalagmated Association, representing President Shaffer, met in conference with President Schwab and other members of the United States Steel Corporation. The basis of the negotiations for the ending of the strike is not known.

CHINA MAKES APOLOGY.

Prince Chun Bows Before Emperor William.

Pottsdam, Sept. 4.—Prince Chun today first visited the mausoleum at Freidenskirche and placed wreaths on the tomb of Frederick and the empress. At noon he bowed before the Emperor William and read a long apology for the murder of Ambassador Ketteler.

LOUISVILLE, O., June 23, 1900.

MR. A. A. SLUSSER, Dear Sir: I wish to testify to the merits of your gall cure. I have practised 35 years, and have never found its equal in healing saddle galls, sore necks, sore shoulders, chafing, etc. I therefore cheerfully recommend it to the public.

J. B STUMP, V. S.

Sold by Baltzly and Rider & Snyder

OPENING PRICES HIGHEST.

London Higher Range For Americans Had Effect of Opening New York Market Higher.

New York, Sept. 4.—The actual condition in the money market Tuesday conformed pretty closely to what was expected on Friday, and which the Saturday bank statement served to confirm by anticipation, but the sterling exchange market promptly responded to the closer conditions in the local money market in a way to indicate the operation of forces at work for the relief of the market by drawing gold from abroad. In addition there was announcement of the receipt of $750,000 in Australian gold at San Francisco, available for telegraphic transfer to New York, and the expected receipt later in the month of $1,250,000 to the same destination. In the prevailing sentiment of Friday, the marking up of the money rate, which occurred Tuesday, would have been ignored, if offset by these counter effects. The ruling rate for call loans Tuesday was 3½ per cent. None were made below 3 per cent, and the rate ran up at one time to 4 per cent. Money was reported in abundant supply in London and the downward course of interest there was not affected by the drop in New York exchange. In fact, conditions were decidedly more cheerful in London Tuesday morning, and the prospect of being called on for gold by New York was apparently viewed with equanimity. London's higher range for Americans had the effect of opening this market higher, but the opening prices proved to be the highest. Different factors had a bearing upon the future of the foreign exchange market, promising some support at the period when exchange is generally the weakest. When traders perceived large selling Tuesday by brokers generally acting for interests which have consistently supported the market through all recent signs of weakness, the selling pressure became acute, causing declines of 1 to 3 points among the principal active stocks, the grangers and Pacifics leading. Denver and Rio Grande issues showed extraordinary strength and after reacting with the market show net gains of 5 points for the common and 2¾ for the preferred.

Railroad bonds weakened. Total sales, par value, $2,026,000.

United States bonds were unchanged on the last call.

MISS ISABELLA THOBURN DEAD

President of a Female College In India—Missionary For Years—Sister of Bishop Thoburn.

New York, Sept. 4.—S. L. Baldwin, recording secretary of the Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church, received a cablegram from Lucknow, India, announcing the death there of Miss Isabella Thoburn, president of the college for women and girls at Lucknow.

The cablegram was dated Sept. 1. It merely announced that Miss Thoburn had died of cholera.

Miss Thoburn was a sister of Bishop J. M. Thoburn, who, with his wife, is now recuperating at Lake Bluff, Ills. He recently returned from India, where he has labored for years as a missionary bishop.

Miss Thoburn was the first missionary sent out by the Women's Foreign Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church. She went to India in 1869 and has been there practically continuously for the 32 years since. She was home for a brief period only a short time ago and returned to her work about a year ago.

THREE NEW PROFESSORS.

Home to Be Built for President of W. Va. University.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Sept. 4.—At a meeting of the board of regents of the West Virginia university, to-day the following were elected to fill vacancies existing in the faculty: Marcus J. S. Pinell, a late graduate of Yale, assistant in romance, languages and literature; Miss Julia A. Clark, instructor in vocal music, Rosswell Spence, instructor on stringed instruments; Dr. William A. Cadwell, assistant professor of anatomy and physiology.

The regents will have plans to build a home for the president. They announce that 14 appointments to the cadet corps have been made for the ensuing year.

WANT $10,000 DAMAGES.

Farmer Charged With Causing Family to Have Smallpox.

HARRISBURG, Pa. Sept. 4.—A suit for $10,000 damages was brought in the Dauphin county court to-day by Mr. and Mrs Elmer C Myers, of this city, against John Crum, a farmer living near Lingelestown, who is alleged to have taken a smallpox patient to the Myers home and in so doing inoculated the husband and wife and their four children and caused Myers' mother to become insane.

The patient was Theodore, a brother of Myers, who was employed as a farm hand by Crum.

Strange Hiding Places.

There are standing at the present day Elizabethan houses known to contain hidden chambers. The very positions of these chambers can be shown, yet their secrets have remained inviolate for centuries, the spring that should serve as the open sesame being undiscoverable. Some day the accidental touch of a girl's finger may set a column of stone rotating or a panel sliding or a door in a picture frame retreating on invisible hinges, and the secret—if any remain—will be revealed.

The place of mystery in these ancient strongholds that served as shelter to a friend in distress might equally prove the death of an enemy of the house. The priest's hole behind a fireplace was easily converted into an oven. There were staircases which the foot of a friend might press in perfect security. Another, not instructed how to tread, sets his foot apparently on the same place, the stair yawns open, and at the end of the pit is the water. Here is much romance.—London Chronicle.

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CONCERNING THE FIGURE.

The Article Which Is at the Foundation of Present Good Form.

A few misguided persons have decried the new straight fronted corset as unnatural, inelegant and in other uncomplimentary terms. Even the harmless, necessary stocking supporters usually attached to the waist have been described as leathern bands for holding the figure forward in a position approximating the once stylish Grecian bend.

Other objectors to the most sensible corsets that have been invented are evidently persons who have not realized that an 18 inch waist represents not beauty, but deformity and, in the present state of feminine opinion, vulgarity also, or that a woman's natural figure is not shaped like an hourglass.

THE STRAIGHT FRONTED CORSET.

For many a long year war has been waged against tight lacing, and at last Dame Fashion has veered to the same side; hence the new corset.

It is perfectly true that the straight corset increases the size of the waist, but it also decreases the size below the waist and produces a slender, graceful and naturally proportioned figure without exerting any of the pressure that prevailed in the days when small waists were fashionable.

It is, of course, absolutely necessary that straight corsets should really be cut to follow the lines of the figure accurately and give support only where it is needed.

Suspenders attached to the corsets do not pull the figure forward, but keep the corset in place and prevent it slipping up or becoming unfastened, which it is rather apt to do, a proof that it is really easy fitting and comfortable.

A good deal of nonsense has also been talked concerning what is termed the "straight fronted walk," which has been condemned by the critics of the new corset as "assertive" and "affected."

Now, there always will be women who walk well and women who walk badly. A few years ago, in the days of tight lacing, the former were in a very small minority. It was impossible for a woman to walk well when her body was so compressed that she was unable even to breathe properly. But now nearly all well bred women walk and "carry themselves" beautifully, thanks not only to the abandonment of tight lacing and unduly high heels, but to the fact that so many forms of sport and exercise, tennis and fencing especially, have become fashionable for women and excellent aids to deportment, bestowing on their devotees grace, agility and the art of balancing the body to perfection.

A Tempting Dessert.

Floating Island.—Measure out a quart of milk, a tablespoonful of corn starch and a teacupful of sugar. Beat the yolks of four eggs with half a teacupful of the milk, dissolve the corn starch in three tablespoonfuls of milk and stir the two together. Bring the remainder of the milk to boiling, add eggs and corn starch, cook until creamy, then add half a teaspoonful of salt and the sugar. When the sugar is dissolved and stirred in gently, take from the fire and when half cooled flavor with lemon juice. Whip the whites of the eggs add two tablespoonfuls of sugar. Drop by spoonfuls over the custard and keep cool until served.

Swell Hot Weather Hats.

Cool head covering is an imperative consideration of the season, and nothing answers the purpose better than the genuine panama hats now fashionable. These hats have peculiar advantages which make them doubly acceptable for river wear, bicycling, tennis or any outdoor amusement for

PANAMAS FOR OUTING WEAR.

which one's head covering should be of the lightest and shadiest. They are so soft that it is possible to bend them into any shape or adjust them to any angle required as a protection from sun or wind. They can even be rolled up and put into the pocket or conveniently stowed away in a corner of the traveling bag or bundle of wraps. Their lightness and width of brim make these hats ideal wear for hot weather.

The geographical divisions of the United States are the north Atlantic group, the south Atlantic group, the north central group, the south central group and the western group.

EASE YOUR BURDENS BY USING GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER

Let your head save your hands. Let Gold Dust do the work for you. It makes glad the hearts of those who are not happy unless everything is clean. Gold Dust is woman's best friend, dirt's worst enemy.

"Housework is hard work without Gold Dust."

SPENCERIAN Business College and Shorthand School, Cleveland, Ohio. Established in 1848. Oldest, largest, and best school. First Bryant and Stratton College; experienced teachers, superior course of study. 36,000 former students; 600 calls last year for office help; new building on Euclid Ave. Elegant catalogue free.

FIRE INSURANCE

The Ohio Farmers Insurance Company

INSURES FARM PROPERTY AT COST.

C. V. HAMMERSMITH, AGENT,

MASSILLON, O

$25,000 FAILURE!

ASSIGNEE SALE!

$25,000 FAILURE!

Commencing Saturday, September 7th, 1901.

BY ORDER OF THE COURT.

$25,000.00

WORTH OF THE MAMMOTH STOCK OF

Men's, Boys,' and Children's Clothing of Levy & Spilka,

Manufacturers, 221 and 223 St. Clair Street, Cleveland, Ohio, will be placed on sale at the store room

19 South Erie Street, Opera House Block.

This stock comprises everything to completely outfit any man, boy or child of any size or age, and by the failure of this immense firm, **$25,000 WORTH OF CLOTHING** is thrown on the market at 59c on the dollar. The court decrees that they shall be sold quick at almost any price in order to satisfy eastern creditors. This stock was all manufactured for this spring's trade, in all the latest styles, up-to-date Stripes, Checks, Cheviots and Clays. Remember, nothing will be reserved. All goods must be sold at once. Thousands of dollars must be raised in short order. To do this prices will be no object.

OCEANS OF HATS and CAPS

OF ALL KINDS. A LARGE LINE OF

Men's, Boys' and Children's Overcoats, Ulsters, Reefers.

This Sale will commence SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7th, at 10 A. M. Whether you need anything or not it will pay you to come miles to attend this sale, and to come at once. Don't forget the place, 19 S. Erie St., Opera House Block. Look for sign,

$25,000 FAILURE.

Assignee Sale,

MASSILLON, OHIO.

$25,000 FAILURE.

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HYGIENE

An English scientist who lately descanted upon the medical value of lemons has inspired several others to point out the virtues of the onion, which is in high favor with many persons. It is with the onion as with the lemon—its devotees regard it as a panacea for a good many ills and as a preventive of many of the disorders to which flesh is heir. Appealing to chemistry, we find the onion is really a very ordinary vegetable, but there is one point which distinguishes it, and that is the somewhat high percentage of sulphur it contains.

Possibly the virtues ascribed to it depend on the presence of this element. Like the lemon, the onion may also lay claim to antiscorbutic properties—that is, to qualities which render it a preventive of scurvy. Its mineral constituents include a proportion of potash salts, and probably its antiscorbutic qualities depend upon these latter compounds.

Contagion In the Schoolroom.

Common means of contagion are these: Kissing, exchanging handkerchiefs, ribbon, chewing gum, whistles, slate and lead pencils, which are almost always, consciously or unconsciously, carried to the mouth. Coins also are treated in the same way. Drinking cups, by their common use, often spread diseases. Schoolbooks are ready carriers of contagion. Then also may be mentioned the dangers from overcrowding the schoolrooms, which leads to the breathing of impure air and the dissemination of germs. Wraps which are not absolutely needed often hang where they dry and are aired in the schoolroom.

Would Have Us Eat Insects.

M. Daguin, a distinguished French naturalist, calls attention to the fact that insects are among the most wholesome and harmless of creatures to eat, because they live almost exclusively on vegetable food. He condemns crustaceans, headed by the lobster, because they live upon dead things.

Make Believe Meat.

Vegetarians particularly will be interested in a "vegetable substitute for meat" which has been newly patented, says the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post. The mere fact that it is declared by the inventor to have the flavor and nutritive properties of meat while actually of purely vegetable ingredients, would amount to little were it not that the chemistry section of the patent office has indorsed the claim as truthful. As a matter of fact, the compound appears to contain protein and other elements utilizable in the body for making flesh and blood and for fuel in about the same proportions as in beef or mutton.

The Gradometer.

An instrument called the gradometer has been designed to enable the occupants of any vehicle to determine at a glance every inequality of the ground over which they are traveling. The new instrument may be attached to the side of the seat of any vehicle or to the top tube of a bicycle, and the grade the vehicle is ascending or descending can be seen in an instant. The instrument consists of a nickel plated casing six inches long, containing a curved glass tube filled with spirits, leaving a small bubble, which acts the same as a spirit level.

Invention of a Motorman.

George Wray, a Pittsburg motorman, has patented a car fender which, he asserts, will make it impossible for a person struck by the forward end of a car to be carried under the wheels. He also says that his device will pick up any object four inches above the level of the rail, and that therefore it would be impossible for a car equipped with it to pass over even a child lying prone on the track.

THE ANIMAL WORLD

A movement has been started in France which has for its purpose the preservation or, rather, the cultivation of the kangaroo, which has been rapidly proceeding toward extermination.

Dr. Brisson, a French surgeon, says that there is likely soon to be an exceptional demand for the animal in consequence of the success attending the use of the kangaroo tendon in the hospitals. It has been employed in scores of instances to tie up the fractured bones of a man's leg.

Disappearance of the Quagga.

The stupid policy of hunters in South Africa has led to the almost total destruction of a host of wild animals, the quagga among them. The blaaubock was exterminated long since, and other allied species are almost all killed off. The gnu, the zebra, the giraffe, are on the way to disappearance, and the quagga has totally vanished. In past times quaggas were abundant throughout Cape Colony and the Orange Free State. They were easily domesticated, and it is surprising that no use was made of them for riding and draft purposes.

The White Rhinoceros.

All have heard of white elephants, but few know that there are also in existence white rhinoceroses constituting a distinct species. These are almost extinct, and probably not more than a dozen or so are left. The Revue Scientifique says of a small herd of these animals in Natal that fortunately they are protected by law.

HER SUMMONS CAME.

A SIGN IN WHICH MRS. GALLUP READ HER DEATH WARRANT.

She Dropped the Dishcloth and After That Fatal Warning Spent the Balance of the Evening In Telling Mr. Gallup How She Thought He Ought to Run the Funeral.

[Copyright, 1900, by C. B. Lewis.]

As Mr. Gallup lighted his tin lantern after supper and started out to buy half a pound of Rio coffee for breakfast and call at the postoffice Mrs. Gallup was in excellent spirits and had most of the dishes ready for washing. He was absent 32 minutes, and when he arrived home he found her huddled up in the big rocking chair, with a pillow behind her head and the camphor bottle in her hand. She took three long sniffs at the bottle and gave three long drawn sighs as he entered, but it was labor thrown away. Mr. Gallup blew out his lantern and hung it up behind the cellar door, and, having deposited the coffee on a shelf in the pantry, he removed and hung up his coat and hat, sat down and took off his shoes and then, taking a circular from his pocket and putting on his glasses with great deliberation, began to read. It was a circular regarding a new discovery in the cure of consumption, and he had not yet finished with the first testimonial when Mrs. Gallup sobbed four times in succession and faintly asked:

"Samuel Gallup, do you know that your dyin wife is present in the room?"

He made no reply. That testimonial from one who had been cured after his coffin had been purchased made him hold his breath as he read.

"Yes; she is present," dolefully continued Mrs. Gallup after several sniffs

HUDDLED UP IN THE BIG ROCKING CHAIR.

at the bottle, "and she wants to hev a few last words with you. When you started over town, I was singin 'Barbara Allen' and thinkin my days might be long in this land. Not five minits later the summons come. I had just started to wash the dishes, and I had that cracked blue platter in my hand, but I hadn't gin it over two wipes when the dishcloth fell to the floor with a great spat. You are hearin what I say, ain't you, Samuel?"

Mr. Gallup wasn't. He was devouring the second testimonial, which gave the case of a woman who had been given up by over 50 doctors, and yet two bottles furnished her with a new pair of lungs.

"When that dishcloth fell, I knew that my time had come. That's the way Mrs. Grover and Mrs. Taylor went. Their dishcloths fell, and in 24 hours they was in heaven. I shall be up there by tomorrer night, Samuel, while you'll be free to stay out all night to hear the political news. I'd hev died before you come back home, only I wanted to talk with you a leetle about the funeral. Let's see. If I die tonight, you'll hold the funeral day after tomorrer, won't you, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon?"

Mr. Gallup was listening to a noise outside. He heard something to remind him of a hen trying to crow, and he wondered if it could be that so long after dark.

"If you want it a day sooner, you can hev it," continued Mrs. Gallup after sobs and gasps and sniffs at the bottle, "but you must look out or the nayburs will talk. Better hev it day after tomorrer, and I hope, for your sake, it won't be a rainy day. I've sometimes thought I'd like a big funeral when I went, with over 40 wagons in the purcession and the church bell a-tollin and the dogs a-howlin, but I've given that up. No, Samuel, you needn't make any spread over me. I'm one of the kind that kin go to heaven without any burrah and fireworks. If there is ten wagons in the purcession, I shall be satisfied. Don't you think ten ought to be 'nuff for a person like me?"

It wasn't a direct question, but had it been Mr. Gallup would not have answered. He was devouring the third testimonial and making up his mind to try a bottle on the sly.

"Ten wagons in the purcession, Samuel, and the bells needn't toll nor nuthin else happen. If anybody is diggin taters or makin soft soap or dyein carpet rags, they needn't stop on my account. If 25 people come to the house, that will be 'nuff. We've got 'leven chairs altogether, countin them with broken backs, and Mrs. Walters will lend you the rest. You'll hev our own preacher, of course, but he needn't go on for an hour or two and tell how good I was and how much you'll miss me. If he says that my toil is o'er, and that you won't never find a more savin wife, that'll be about 'nuff. Shall you do any cryin at the funeral, Samuel?"

No answer.

"I'd do a leetle bit if I was you—jest a leetle. If you don't, folks will talk about it same as they did about Jim Dewitt. He never cried at all, and to this day folks say he didn't use Hanner right. I don't ask you to break down and sob and git up an excitement, but you kin gasp a few times and wipe your eyes and blow your nose. I'm sorry you'll hev to take that long ride to the graveyard, as you could be playin checkers or sunthin, but I don't see how you are to git out of it. However, you won't never hev to go up there ag'in. When you git ready to buy me a gravestun, you kin send it up by a man. I s'pose you'll buy a stun of some sort, won't you?"

Mr. Gallup didn't hear. In the fourth testimonial a man declared that he had been saved after one whole lung and three-quarters of the other were gone, and it was a sketch to thrill the reader clear down to his toes.

"Of course I don't keer about no gravestun for myself," said Mrs. Gallup as she tried to wipe away her tears with the glass stopper of the bottle, "but if you don't put one up the nayburs will call you stingy. Get a cheap one, however. If you kin git one fur $10 and trade a lot of carpet rags in, I'd do it. I used to think I wanted a whole lot of readin on my gravestun, but I've changed my mind. Jest put on that Susan Gallup expired in the forty-ninth year of her age of gineral disability and that she has found rest where asthma, boils, backaches and rheumatiz cease from troublin. You needn't say a word about makin 40 yards of rag carpet and a bar'l of soft soap last year while enjoyin sore eyes and a boil on my arm or that I allus kept catnip, smartweed and peppermint herbs in the house and was a nurse to all the nayburs. No, Samuel, you needn't—say a word—about them things. Make it—a cheap—gravestun, and you needn't—never go up there—and—and"—

And when Mr. Gallup had finished the testimonials and fully determined to buy at least three bottles and hide them in the wood shed he rose up, yawned and stretched and looked around to find Mrs. Gallup asleep and the camphor wasted on the floor.

M. QUAD.

THERE WASN'T ANY ROW.

It Was Simply a Case of Spontaneous Combustion.

He was a very young man, almost too young to be out on the street at that time of the night, 8:30 p. m., and his general appearance indicated that he had been picked up by a cyclone somewhere during his meanderings. He was not utterly demoralized, but there was something in his manner that would lead the close observer to the conclusion that all had not been well with him.

"Gee!" he exclaimed as he spun around the corner and went bump into a policeman.

"Hello," ejaculated that worthy, instinctively grabbing at him; "what's the row?"

"There wasn't any," responded the youth.

"What are you running like that for?" persisted the policeman.

"I've just been up against a case of spontaneous combustion."

"You look too green to burn," chuckled the bluecoat.

"It's on me, just the same. My girl lives around the corner, and I went to see her. I thought it was all"—

"Where does the combustion come in?" interrupted the officer.

"Come out, you mean," corrected the youth.

"Come off!" exclaimed the officer. "Tell me what the row is before I chase you."

"Well, that's what I'm trying to do," pleaded the boy. "The girl's old man and I don't harmonize a little bit, and when he met me at the door he fired me so suddenly that I had vertigo. If you don't call that spontaneous combustion, what the dickens do you call it?"

"Oh, excuse me," apologized the policeman, "you run along home and get into your trundle bed!" and the blue coat gently wafted the remnant on its way.—Detroit Free Press.

Woeful Ignorance.

Farmer—See here, you! You remember putting two lightning rods on my barn last spring, don't you? Well, that barn was struck six weeks after and burned down.

Peddler—Struck by lightnin?

"It was."

"In the daytime?"

"No; at night."

"Must 'a' been a dark night, wasn't it?"

"Yes; dark as pitch."

"Lanterns burnin?"

"What lanterns?"

"Didn't you run lanterns up 'em on dark nights?"

"Never heard of anything like that."

"Well, if you don't know enough to keep your lightnin rods showin you needn't blame me. G-lang!"—New York Weekly.

Bright Little Sammy.

Sammy (who is never allowed to stay out of school)—Howdie Hurlburt didn't come to school all day.

Mamma—Why not, Sammy?

Sammy—'Cause his mother died. When you die, may I stay home all day?

Mamma—Yes, darling; you may stay out a whole week.

Sammy (suspiciously)—Oh, I know. You mean to die in vacation.—Harlem Life.

The Conceited Peer.

A certain conceited nobleman once observed to Charles Townsend, "When I happen to say a foolish thing, I always burst out a laughing." Townsend eyed him curiously and at length remarked in the most deliberate manner, "Ah, I envy you your happiness, for you must certainly live the merriest life of any man in Europe."

When you are invited to a real old fashioned woman's house for supper, she always has floating island. This is a sure test.—Atchison Globe.

The temple of fame stands upon the grave. The flame that burns upon its altars is kindled from the ashes of dead men.

IN THE BLACK DIAMOND.

The Remarkable Properties of a Piece of Cannel Coal.

A pound of cannel coal is a lump about the size of a man's fist. Out of this dyes can be distilled sufficient to color the following lengths of flannel three-quarters of a yard wide: Five feet of yellow, 3½ feet of scarlet, 2 feet of violet, 2 inches of orange, 4 inches of turkey red and 8 inches of magenta. By judicious blendings you can obtain 16 distinct yellow shades, 12 orange, 30 red, 15 blue, 7 green and 9 violet, in all 89 separate tints. These colors are made from the waste left over after the gas has been extracted.

Take a ton of good cannel coal and distill it in a gas retort. It will give 10,000 cubic feet of gas, 25 gallons of ammoniacal liquor, 30 pounds of ammonium sulphate, 13 hundredweight of coke and 12 gallons of coal tar. It is this liquid which 40 years ago was burned in the furnaces or sold as cheap as wagon grease at $1 a ton that now yields not only these lovely colors, but medicines and scent enough to stock a chemist's and perfumer's soap.

Besides these coal tar gives us that greatest boon of the man whose doctor won't let him take sugar—namely, saccharin. Of this substance one pound is equal to two hundredweight of sugar, as far as sweetening power goes. It is quite wholesome and is, into the bargain, a capital disinfectant. Jam made with saccharin ought to keep forever.

A New Atomic Theory.

Professor J. J. Thomson of Cambridge university, England, announces that, though by chemical means it is impossible to split up an atom, those heretofore supposed to be ultimate units of matter are by no means so resisting to electrical forces; that the cathode rays, with the peculiar emanations from uranium, polonium and radium consist of matter having but one-thousandth the mass of an atom of hydrogen, and that as a consequence an atom may be regarded as a constellation of these small particles.

A Novelty In Clockmaking.

Clocks that are so made as to sound signals of various kinds are coming into use among the schools. A large school building will have one master clock, and this is connected with other clocks, one in each room, and also with a bell in each room. The connection is by electric wires, so that all the rooms have exactly the same time, and all the signals are rung on the second.

HYGIENE

A writer in The Lancet, speaking of new bread and old, says:

New bread is well known to be less digestible than stale bread, although it need not be so. There can be no question, however, of the vastly superior flavor of the former, and hence the preference of many people for hot rolls for breakfast. So far the palate would appear not to be a safe guide to digestion. Hot rolls, however, when masticated properly should not offer any difficulty to the digestive organs.

A slice of stale bread on being broken with the teeth resolves into more or less hard, gritty particles, which, unless they were softened by the saliva, would be almost impossible to swallow. The particles would irritate the throat and the gullet. The fact is, therefore, that man is compelled thoroughly to masticate and to impregnate stale bread with saliva before he swallows it. This act of course partially digests the bread and thus makes it in a fit state for digestion and absorption farther on in the alimentary tract. This is why stale bread appears to be more digestible than new bread.

New bread, on the contrary, is soft, doughy or plastic, and there appears to be no necessity to soften it with saliva; hence it escapes the preliminary digestive action of the ptyalin of the saliva. New bread, in other words, is in reality "bolted," and "bolting" accounts for many of the ills arising from dyspepsia. Accordingly, hot rolls should be enjoyed for breakfast without any fear of dyspepsia so long as the bread is good and so long as pains are taken to masticate it thoroughly.

The Ice Water Vice.

Ice water should be shunned by all who expect to maintain perfect digestion, says a writer in Popular Science. It chills the stomach and deadens the activity of the glands that produce digestive fluids. The free use of ice water in America is one thing that gives the American people the name of a "nation of dyspeptics." In Europe ice cold drinks are a rarity. Soda fountains for dispensing ice cold drinks are practically an unknown luxury throughout Europe; consequently but very few Europeans have dyspepsia. While they drink a large quantity of liquids, they have never been educated to ice cold drinks. Carelessness and indifference concerning the laws of health swell the great army of invalids. People ignore practical common sense methods of preserving health.

The Function of the Taste.

The function of the taste doubtless sustains a much more important relation to digestion than has been generally accorded to it, says Dr. Kellogg. Food to be digested must be appetizing. Food which nauseates does not stimulate the secretion of the fluid necessary to digest it either in the mouth or the stomach. The sense of taste may be regarded as a sort of regulation; hence it is an important property of food that the sense of taste may be stimulated and that it may have an opportunity to exercise its selective and controlling functions.

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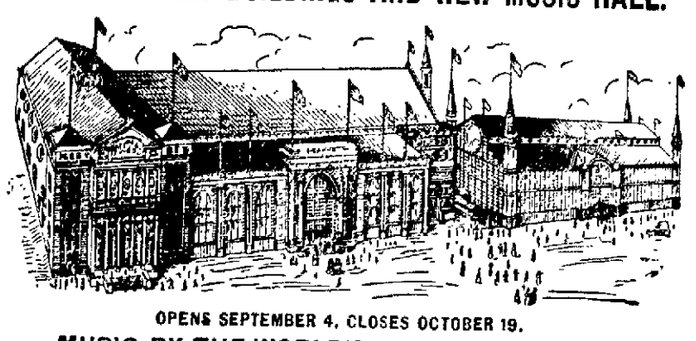

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TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL MASSILLON NO. 208

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1901.

Nothing is so manifest in the census reports, so far as given in the bulletins, as the complete and harmonious working of the Dingley law. Wherever manufacturers and wages have increased there we find in every instance an increase in the value of farm products but a wider diversification. This is a perfect exemplification of the American system of protection.

Not in any one year since the passage of the homestead act have there been so many homestead entries in the United States as in the fiscal year just closed, according to the annual report of Commissioner Hermann, of the general land office. The last fiscal year was not alone remarkable for its excessive number of homestead entries, but the amount of lands disposed of far exceeds those for many years preceding and, in the opinion of the commissioner, the maximum has been reached. Cash entries for the year were over four million dollars and 13,453,887 acres of land were sold to settlers.

School Commissioner L. D. Bonebrake has been spending the most of the past month attending county institutes throughout the state. His work is along educational lines but he manages to hear a good deal of politics in the prosecution of his duties as the head of the common school system in Ohio. He reports that the Republicans in Ohio were never in better condition, so far as he is able to judge from talks with persons with whom he has been thrown in contact within the past 30 days. He believes the party in this state is ready for the balloting, and has no fears of the result. It will be a regular old-time Republican majority, according to his view of the situation.

Labor Day in Massillon and its vicinity was what it was intended to be—a play day for working people, a day for recreation, rest or sport, a break in the routine of daily toil. The unsurpassed prosperity which has come to the great mass of American citizens this year and the bright prospects for its continuance made the anniversary one of unusual rejoicing. It is now only a question of time before the differences between the United States Steel Corporation and its employes will be satisfactorily adjusted and it is a noteworthy fact that in spite of the great strike labor generally has never been more actively or profitably employed than at present. The best spent life throbs between periods of exertion and repose. Labor Day offers an example of the legitimate rest coming after labor well and faithfully performed as it is by the great majority of American workingmen.

A striking illustration of the profit in the sheep industry under a Republican administration is furnished by W. N. Rogers, a well known farmer who lives near Flora, Ill. Mr. Rogers is a staunch Republican and his belief in the benefits the farmer was to derive from the future administration of President McKinley was unbounded. The day following the presidential election in 1896 he purchased all the sheep owned by his Democratic neighbors, paying for them the sum of $40. His accounts show that he has bought no sheep in five years but he has receipts for wool, lambs and mutton sold amounting to a sum slightly in excess of $700. Last spring's clipping of wool, 525 pounds, worth about eighty dollars, remains on hand. The herd of sheep has grown in numbers to 107 head, worth at least four dollars per head. The total receipts from Mr. Rogers' original and only investment of $40, amounts to the remarkable sum of $1218. This wonderful showing of the results in the sheep industry is ascribed to the readjustment of the tariff in favor of the wool grower.

The sentiment is growing stronger in European countries that the battles of the future will be fought mainly upon the seas. This feeling is strongly shown in "Notes on Naval Progress" just made public by the office of naval intelligence of the United States naval department. The publication goes into the minutest detail of naval architecture among the foreign nations. It is shown that public interest in sea power in the old world has been strengthened in recent years resulting in the formation of navy leagues. The effort of these societies in certain countries have been rewarded by a large and steady increase in naval strength. The total tonnage of the seven principal nations is as follows: England, 1,786,855; France, 781,065; Russia, 552,546; United States, 507,494; Germany, 458,482; Italy, 322,707; Japan, 251,498. Of battleships, armored cruisers and other naval vessels England has 477; France 484; Russia 341; United States 135; Germany 261; Italy 231 and Japan 139. It will be noted that while France has a greater number of vessels than England, the tonnage of the latter country far exceeds that of France. England has 50 battleships and France 28; England 103 protected cruisers and France 38. France is particularly partial to torpedo boats, having 235 now in commission and 44 building. Russia has 15 battleships, the United States 8. Germany 19, Italy 15 and Japan 6.

IDEA OF R. LEGG.

Educate Mothers and Wives in Unionism.

INCREASE DEMAND FOR LABEL.

The Miners' President Investigates the Alleged Claim of a Non-Union Barber That His Prices are Low and Hours Long Because His Coal Digger Patronage Demands it.

To the Editor of The Independent:—I noticed in your paper of recent date that an unfair barber, in the city of Massillon, refused to join the Barbers' Union on the ground that his trade was made up of miners, who refused to pay the union price. I was also notified of this fact by the secretary of the Trades and Labor Assembly, who revealed the name of this non-union barber. This led me to a personal interview with the barber, who denied that he gave out the above statement, but charges the same to the general public. Such opposition is not only detrimental to the Barbers' Union and union prices, but strikes at the principles of trade unions by opposing a shorter work day for the wage-worker. Brother unionist, if you will allow such unfair men to deprive you of your whiskers they will soon deprive you of your unions.

Therefore, it is the duty of every union man to protect his union and his fellow-unionist. Brother miners, we can boast that every pound of Massillon coal is mined and hoisted by members of the U. M. W. of A. and as we have noticed through the columns of the union papers of the city of Massillon that their wages have been raised to a standard of unionism that ranks with every city in the state, and as every new union in the city of Massillon means a new story to the U. M. W., let us give our support by realizing that it is just as necessary to be a union man at the consuming end as it is to be a union man at the producing end.

Our wives and mothers are the channel that our wages pass through to the business man. Then it is our duty to educate them to insist that they be waited on by a union clerk whose duty it is to present union-made goods. When a union man stands on one side of the counter and deals with a union clerk on the other side of the counter if the goods bought and sold are non-union goods, then they are both at the height of hypocrisy.

Wishing the trades unions of Massillon every success, I remain their sincere friend,

ROBERT LEGG.
Sub-District President United Mine Workers of America.

A Mountain Accident.

A serious seeming accident with a fortunate termination is reported by a western exchange.

A man and his wife, while driving along a mountain road in Oregon, met with a curious mishap. The wagon was overturned, and the occupants fell out. The woman dropped into the branches of a tree 50 feet below and the man went sliding and bumping fully 300 feet to the bottom of a ravine.

When he recovered his senses he was comparatively unhurt and went to his wife's rescue, but it was an hour before he could extricate her from where she hung by her skirts.

A Philadelphia Story.

Sunday School Teacher—Where did the three wise men come from?

Phil Adelphy (whose family had only recently moved to Chicago)—They came from the east.

Sunday School Teacher—And who were they called "wise men?"

Phil Adelphy—Because ma'am, they went back again.—Philadelphia Press.

"I have noticed," said the social philosopher, "that people who gossip about their neighbors are the people who are always fretting because they imagine they are being talked about by their neighbors."—Omaha World-Herald.

WHILE HE SLEPT.

Death Came Suddenly to J. M. Breckel.

HAD BEEN BUT SLIGHTLY ILL.

Trouble Seemed to be of a Malarial Character, and was not Considered Serious—Arose at 4 O'clock Monday Morning, Took Medicine, Returned to Bed and Died—Funeral Wednesday.

Julius M. Breckel, of 24 South Waechter street, who had been slightly ill for a short time with a trouble similar to malaria, arose at 4 o'clock Monday morning, took some medicine, conversed for a moment with members of his family, returned to his bed and immediately fell asleep. He never woke up. Death occurred between 6 and 7 o'clock. Apoplexy was the cause. Funeral services will be held at the residence at 1:30 o'clock and at St. John's Evangelical church at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Breckel was a widower, aged 50 years and was a native of Germany. He came to this country when about eighteen years old. His marriage to Miss Cecilia Maurer took place in Massillon in 1875. Children surviving are Mrs. R. J. Krisher Misses Laura Elizabeth and Minnie Breckel and Frederick and Albert Breckel all residents of this city. The mother of the deceased, Mrs. Catherine M. Zundel, resides at 432 West Tremont street. A brother, Albert Breckel, is a resident of Toledo. G. F. Breckel, of this city, is a nephew.

For more than a score of years Mr. Breckel was employed by Russell & Company and to the time of his death was one of the concern's most skillful machinists. He was a member of Russell & Company's Employes' Mutual Benefit Association. Until recently he also belonged to an insurance order.

BACK TO COLORADO.

A. Y. Gordon, Will Have Charge of Work at Mines.

A. Y. Gordon, who returned to this city about four weeks ago, after spending four months in Colorado developing mining claims in which he is interested, started for Colorado again on Sunday evening. During his stay here Mr. Gordon has effected a conditional sale of one of the claims to men who are prepared to thoroughly develop the property, and he will have charge of the work. On his way to the mines he will stop off at Denver long enough to purchase the necessary machinery and tools to prosecute the mining operations, that city being the nearest in which supplies of that character can be obtained. The claim is located about one hundred and twenty-five miles northwest of Denver, in the Medicine Bow range of mountains, and on the main branch of the LaPoudre river. Notwithstanding the fact that the claim is located at an altitude of eight thousand feet above sea level, the winters are not generally severe, and the work of mining can be carried on during the entire year. The claim is known as a "lode" mine, and the work of development will consist principally in the sinking of a shaft, which has already been started, and which gives evidence of rich mineral bearing ore. Experienced miners can be secured, an ample supply of timber grows on the mountain side, and it is the intention to push the work as rapidly as possible. Mr. Gordon is interested in other claims in the immediate vicinity of the one on which work is now being done which give promise of proving very valuable when developed. For two years he prospected in Colorado, and in that time visited many claims and localities, some of which bid fair to develop into most valuable properties after the expenditure of sums of money larger than are usually at the command of prospectors.

Mrs. Gordon will accompany him on the present trip, and William Kiefer, who spent four months with Mr. Gordon in his work of development, will also join them at the camp.

Still More Counterfeiting.

The Secret Service has unearthed another band of counterfeiters and secured a large quantity of bogus bills, which are so cleverly executed that the average person would never suspect them of being spurious. Things of great value are always selected by counterfeiters for imitation, notably the celebrated Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has many imitators but no equals for indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, nervousness and general debility. The Bitters sets things right in the stomach, and when the stomach is in good order, it makes good blood and plenty of it. In this manner the Bitters get at the seat of strength and vitality, and restore vigor to the weak and debilitated. Beware of counterfeits when buying.

Get seats early for "A Royal Spy" at the Armory on Monday, Sept. 9.

A STRIKE SETTLED.

Miners at Elton No. 4 Come Out Tuesday.

Robert Legg, of Greenville, district president of the United Mine Workers' of America, met with representatives of the Pocock Coal Company Tuesday and settled a strike arising today at the Elton No. 4 mine. The men refused to work because they claimed the superintendent had insisted that they employ as their check-weighman one of the men employed in that particular mine. Mr. Legg held that the miners have the right to choose whom they please as their weighman, and was successful in bringing the operators to see the matter in that light also. The men will go back to work Wednesday with Gard Cady, who is staisfactory to them, as check-weighman.

WON AGAINST TIME

Mr. Kouth Claims Mine Sinking Record.

MADE 250 FEET IN 72 DAYS.

The Sinkers Entered Into the Spirit of the Race With the Superintendent and Worked With Might and Main for Victory—Every Man Given a Present of $5 as a Evidence of Appreciation.

Superintendent C. A. Kouth and the workmen at the new Pocock mine on the Young farm, west of the city, claim the mine sinking record of the district.

"We put down a shaft 250 feet deep," said Mr. Kouth Monday, "in two months and eleven days. This beats anything in the past. I believe, too, that we are working the largest body of coal in the district. We have 140 acres of solid coal, the drilling of which shows it to be uniformly between 5 and 6 feet in thickness."

Mr. Kouth gives the credit of the record-breaking to his sinkers. A week ago he announced that he would pay to every man on the job an extra $5 if the coal was reached before Sept. 1. The men did not think it possible that this could be done. The sinkers say Mr. Kouth did much to make the fast work possible. He directed the operations in a way that made every stroke count, and was constantly watchful that no delays should result from causes that could be anticipated. He told the men that he had set his heart on breaking the record, and they entered with him into the spirit of the race against time.

STOLE SOME SHOES.

Umbrella Man Arrested—Knobloch Set Upon.

Policemen Getz and Brownsberger spent most of Wednesday morning pursuing an umbrella mender who had stolen a pair of new shoes from the residence of a fourth ward citizen. Brownsberger finally located him near Heck's North Mill street place. He is now in jail.

F. Wendling was arrested Wednesday charged with assault. The charge was preferred by Mrs. Wendling. The mayor will hear the case this evening.

It was reported to the police today that a man named Knobloch had been assaulted and robbed of a silver watch and other things, in East Main street, while returning from the Yingling Hill picnic, Monday. The man himself has not made any complaint. The story of the assault is said to be true, but the robbery feature is doubted.

FEARS FOR HIMSELF.

Philpot at Times on Verge of Madness.

"Take me into charge before I do harm to myself or some other person," begged a man who gave the name of Philpot of Marshal Kitchen, Monday. The marshal put the man in jail. Tuesday morning he was released, and was provided with transportation to Maynard by the township trustees. Philpot said that at times he seems mad, being seized with irresistible desire to kill either himself or some other person. He stated that he formerly lived in Pigeon Run. He was recently discharged from an asylum.

BOYD HAD A SPILL.

Thrown From His Wheel in the Handicap Race.

Boyd and McCarthy were the only men who rode in the postponed bicycle races at Canal Dover Tuesday. Neither won anything. Boyd was thrown from his wheel in the two-mile handicap, and sustained slight injuries. Boyd started from the 140 yard line, and McCarthy from the 190. The other race was one mile open. Boyd claims he got an irregular start in this event.

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A RICH MAN'S WISDOM.

ROTHSCHILD'S maxim through all his life was "Get the best!" It was not merely the desire of a rich man; it was the wisdom of a successful man. The best is always the cheapest. Take the example of Ivory Soap. It costs half as much as fancy soaps, yet more than common yellow soaps. But in its results—in its economies of time, labor and fabric—in its pleasant effect on the skin, it is better than either and as cheap as any soap in the world.

IVORY SOAP IS 99 44/100 PER CENT. PURE.

THRESHING TALES.

Record of 1,472 Bushels in Ten Hours.

Tall threshing tales are the order of the day. Samuel Roush, of this city, reports on last Monday, on the Roush farm, between this city and Richville, Klick brothers, of Richville, in ten hours threshed 1472 bushels of grain, wheat, oats and rye. The wheat yield was 27 bushels per acre and oats 65 bushels per acre.

FELL AND WAS HURT.

H. Hinderer has an Accident at His New House.

Henry Hinderer, residing along the canal, north of Cherry street, Tuesday evening inspected the new home he is having erected in State street. While crossing on the joists, he lost his balance, and fell from one story to the other. He sustained a deep gash in his head and was much bruised about the body. Dr. Hattery dressed his injuries.

CALLED TO COLUMBUS.

President Legg to Meet President Haskins.

Robert Legg, of East Greenville, district president of the United Mine Workers' of America, attended the Trades and Labor Assembly's picnic Monday afternoon, and Tuesday evening left for Columbus. He has been called thither for a conference by W. H. Haskins, state president. Mr. Legg said he had no idea of the purpose of the conference.

$25.00 Colorado and Return

Chicago & Northwestern Ry., $25.00 Hot Springs, S. Dak.; $40.00 Utah, all round trips, from Chicago, September 1-10; $50.00 Chicago to San Francisco-Los Angeles and return, September 19-27. Quickest time. Service unequaled. Apply to your nearest ticket agent for tickets and full information or address D. W. Aldridge, 234 Superior street, Cleveland, O.

Marquette, on Lake Superior.

is one of the most charming resorts reached by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway.

Its healthful location, beautiful scenery, good hotels and complete immunity from hay fever, make a summer outing at Marquette, Mich., very attractive from the standpoint of health, rest and comfort.

Through Pullman sleeping cars are run between Chicago and Marquette and excursion tickets sold at reduced rates via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway.

For a copy of "The Lake Superior Country," containing a description of Marquette and the copper country, address, with four (4) cents in stamps to pay postage, F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill

PARR ON THE SPOT.

Looking for Matches in Cleveland.

David Jones and John Clark Sunday went to Cleveland with James Parr, now in this city, who claims to be the champion wrestler of England. Parr remained in Cleveland, where he will endeavor to get on a match or two with the big players of the game. He announced to the Cleveland sporting fraternity that he stands ready for all comers.

Dr. Fenner's GOLDEN RELIEF

Old Sores, Wounds, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, A TRUE SPECIFIC IN ALL INFLAMMATION Sorethroat, Headache (5 minutes), Toothache (1 minute), Cold Sores, Felons, etc. etc. "Colds," Forming Fevers, GRIP. CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT in one to thirty minutes. Diarrhoea, Colic, etc. Stings, Cuts, Sprains, etc.

By Dealers. The 50c. size by mail 60c. Fredonia, N.Y.

For Sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

MONTHLY REPORTS.

Rainfall, Building Permits and Arrests.

The August rainfall, according to the Massillon Water Supply Company's gauge, was 5.24 inches. That of the same month a year ago was 3.58 inches.

The city clerk last month issued 13 building permits. The aggregate value of the buildings they provide for is $38,000.

Marshal Kitchen reports twenty-one arrests last month. The charge in sixteen cases was intoxication.

A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham, of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she would die of pneumonia before morning" writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, which had more than once saved her life, and cured her of consumption. After taking, she slept all night. Further use entirely cured her." This Marvelous medicine is guaranted to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50 and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

Stood Death Off.

E. B. Munday, a lawyer of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a grave digger. He says: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was entirely cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life. This remedy expels malarial, kills disease germs and purifies the blood: aids digestion, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, cures constipation, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

A Shocking Calamity

"Lately befell a railroad laborer," writes Dr. A. Kellet, of Williford, Ark. "His foot was badly crushed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly cured him. It's simply wonderful for Burns, Boils, Piles and Skin eruptions. It's the world's champion healer. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These Pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly.

THE CONTRAST

Run Down, Languid, Weak Men and Women Feel the Contrast of Ruddy Health, Vigorous Strength.

When a person drops into a condition of unrest, all tired out, nervous and weak, its then they feel almost "What would I not give to be again when I once was in the ranks of the active, the strong, feeling well and competent to successfully fight life's battles. This is the time to appeal to Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. This is what Mr. Joseph Huth, of No. 70 East Short street, Massillon, Ohio, says: "My daughter was in a bad shape, nervous, restless, run down, dull and sleeping poorly. I was told she needed a good nerve tonic like Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and got some at E. S. Craig's drug store, No. 9 South Erie street, and they were just the thing. The medicine gave her strength, energy, appetite, nerve strength and good sleep. We think the Nerve Pills a great medicine." Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

Excursions to Salem via the Pennsylvania Lines.

September 11th to 18th, excursion tickets to Salem, account Fair and Races, will be sold from Massillon, Ravenna, Salineville, Rochester and intermediate stations on the Pennsylvania Lines.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Born, to Dr. and Mrs D. W. Gans, a daughter.

Charles Leonard left on Tuesday morning for Dunkirk, N. Y.

Miss Eva Lober, of Pittsburg, is visiting Florence Kouth at her home in Jarvis avenue.

Miss Vinnie Williams, of Cleveland, is visiting her sister, Mrs. B. T. Griffin, in Walnut street.

Mrs. John Jacoby, of Toledo, is visiting at the home of her father, Michael Young, 342 South East street.

Miss Fanny Marsh and daughters, the Misses Portia and Ethel Marsh, of Nimisila, are visiting at the home of Aaron Rubright.

Melville Snyder left Sunday evening for Philadelphia where he will take a course of study in watch making and engraving.

L. Cecil has taken out a building permit. He will erect a frame dwelling, 28x30 feet, in Richville avenue, at a cost of $1,000.

George Campbell and Miss Veda Campbell, who have been guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. F. Campbell, in East Greenville, have returned to their home in New London, Canada.

The schools of Perry township, Clerk Sonnhalter announced on Wednesday, will begin on September 16. This is several weeks earlier than has been the custom in former years.

Richard Aston, charged with disorderly conduct and in contempt of court for failure to respond when notified, walked into the mayor's court on Monday and paid a fine of $10 and costs.

The two Rohr children, residing north of the city, both of whom are seriously ill as the result of stepping on a rusty nail, are not improved today. There is little hope for the one having lockjaw.

Miss Martha Edwards was Tuesday called to her home in Cicero, Ind., by the serious illness of her father, Alonzo Edwards. Miss Edwards has been the guest of Mrs. William Sorg for the past two weeks.

Mayor Brown of Youngstown issued warrants for twenty-seven milk dealers charging each with selling impure milk in violation of the state law. In all of the samples analyzed there was a large amount of formaldehyde.

Ten acres of the east side of the Bunnell farm, in Richville avenue, have been sold to the Sylvester Smith Real estate Company, an Eastern concern, and engineers are this afternoon at work dividing it into lots, which will be sold at auction.

Thomas Yost, who was taken to the Aultman hospital on Friday to undergo an operation for appendicitis, is reported to be out of danger and rapidly recovering. Dr. Pumphrey, of this city, and Drs. Walker and Morrow, of Canton, performed the operation.

The Independent is obliged to repeat occasionally a notice to the effect that unsigned communications sent to this office cannot be printed. The name attached to a piece of news need not necessarily be published, but it must be attached to all copy as a guarantee of good faith.

The Luther League of Faith Lutheran chapel reorganized for the ensuing year on Tuesday evening, by electing James Wagner, president, E. L. Harper, vice president, Lola Baum, secretary, and Frank Lose, treasurer. Arrangements are being made for a musicale to be held by the league in the near future.

S. J. Patterson, for many years connected with Russell & Company, has been tendered and has accepted a position as manager of sales for M. Rumeley Company, of Laporte, Ind., large manufacturers of engines and threshers. Mr. Patterson expects to leave soon for the scene of his new duties. His family will remain in Massillon for the present.

The marriage of Casper Miller and Miss Amcila Huwig, both of West Brookfield, took place in St. Barbara's church in that village Wednesday morning, at 8:30, the Rev. Father Alten officiating. The attendants were John J. Miller and Miss Rosa Huwig. Following the wedding a reception took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Huwig.

Joseph I. Seiverling, of Barberton, and Miss Dolores Stephan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Stephan, who live on the Canton road about three miles from this city, were married at St. Joseph's church on Tuesday morning, the Rev. J. F. Knebler officiating. The attendants were George H Seifert, of Barberton, and Miss Flora Stpehan, of this city. Following the wedding a reception was given at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. and Mrs. Seiverling will live in Barberton.

Frederick Seaman and Miss Emma M. Haffner, the daughter of Mrs Rosanna Ruwadi, of 396 East Tremont street, were married in the presence of friends and relatives in St. John's church at 7:30 o'clock on Tuesday evening. The Rev. J. E. Digel performed the marriage ceremony. The groom was attended by Jacob Miller, and Miss Nellie Clemens was the bridesmaid. Mr. and Mrs. Seaman will reside at No. 60 West Tremont street. Mr. Seaman is a machinist employed at Russell & Company's works.

Services at St. Timothy's church were conducted on Sunday morning by the Rev. C. M. Roberts who has recently returned to the city after an absence of ten weeks. In the course of an informal address Mr. Roberts gave his congregation a brief outline of his vacation experiences. For six Sundays after leaving Massillon he occupied the pulpit of the Church of the Savior in Philadelphia, of which the Rev. Dr. Bodine, formerly of Ohio, is rector, preaching a series of sermons previously delivered to his congregation at St. Timothy's. Later Mr. Roberts visited Dr. Bodine in his summer home at Elberon, N. J., and preached in the latter's summer church at that place. The greater part of the rector's vacation was spent at Cape May Point, N. J., a sea side resort within easy reach of Philadelphia.

STORY OF A CHANGE

One About Russell & Co. Talk of the Town.

IT IS ONLY PARTIALLY TRUE.

The President of the Company Admits That Some Changes are Being Made, but Says They Would Not Interest or Affect the General Public.

Stories galore of changes by Russell & Company and others in prospect are on the streets. One is that a company headed by E. C. Merwin, and composed of others long connected with the concern, has leased the farm machinery works, and will hereafter conduct that part of the business. The change, so the story goes, will involve a revolution of business methods. A force of fair size is to be worked steadily the year round, instead of an exceedingly large force at certain times during the year and a very small force at other times.

Mr. Mervin said today that he knew nothing of any changes.

J. W. McClymonds, president of the company, admitted that some changes are being made. "There will be none, however," said he, "that will interest or affect the general public. The management will remain the same and the business will be carried on as heretofore."

As this is the dull season of the company the plant is not now in full operation. Some of the men out of work are worrying lest they may never be summoned back. Members of the company, however, offer the assurance that no such changes will be made. All the regular force will be employed as in the past.

OBITUARY.

CHESTER ALBRECHT

Chester Albrecht, aged 11 months, died at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Albrecht, in Jackson township, Tuesday, of cholera infantum. Funeral services will be held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

MRS. MARY JOHNSON.

Mrs. Mary Johnson, 78 years of age, died at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Ewing, No. 44½ South Erie street, on Wednesday morning at 6 o'clock. The infirmities of age were the cause of her death. She moved to this city from Newcomerstown to take up her residence with Mrs. Ewing, her daughter, four months ago. The funeral services will be held from the Ewing residence at 2 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, and from the A. M. E. Zion church at 2:15.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Favorite.

The soothing and healing properties of this remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures have made it a great favorite with people everywhere. It is especially prized by mothers of small children for colds, croup and whooping cough, as it always affords quick relief, and as it contains no opium or other harmful drug, it may be given as confidently to a baby as to adult. For sale by E. S. Craig, Z. T. Balzly and Rider & Snyder.

What Causes Headache.

Exhausted and irritable conditions of the Nervous System produces Headaches. The cure is to restore the action of the nerves to their normal condition and give the heart a tonic. Clinic Headache Wafers are just this cure. They act on the nerves and are a tonic to the heart. Absolutely harmless. 10 cents all druggists.

Banking by Mail

is a special feature of our business. By our system you can bank by mail with safety. Persons residing in small towns where the banks cannot afford to pay interest on small deposits can send their money to us by mail and it will bring 4 per cent interest. Send for our booklet, all about banking by mail or in person—free. Prudential Trust Co., 6124 Penn avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

ASKS FOR DAMAGES

A $10,000 Suit Against Massillon Concern.

PRESIDENT GOES TO BUFFALO.

Auditor Reed Gives His Reasons for Refusing to Pay the Sum Demanded by Fair Association — Tuesday at the Fair.

Canton, Sept. 4.—County Auditor Reed, in an interview in a local paper, gives the following reason for refusing to pay the eight hundred dollars demanded by the Stark County Agricultural Society: "Until this year the Agricultural society has been drawing $400 per annum under the state law. The money came out of the county funds. Besides this amount the society is allowed $1,000 by tax levy each year, which made $1,400 in all. The last legislature amended the law so that the county should pay a sum equal to the membership tickets and donations. When the certificate was presented this year and the former amount was doubled from $400 to $800, I declined to pay it until I consulted the prosecuting attorney, who is legal adviser for the county offiicals in such matters. In turn he communicated with the attorney general of the state. I was then notified by Prosecuting Attorney Day that the attorney general's opinion was that the society was not entitled to anything, inasmuch as a purchaser of a membership ticket gets value received from the society in admission to the grounds. Of course I then declined to issue an order on the treasurer for the amount requested by the society and called for in the certificate. I consider it my duty to follow the advice of the prosecutor in the matter."

All doubts as to the death of Dr. Conn R. Ohliger, in the Philippines, has been removed by the following cablegram from General Chaffee, received by the war department and forwarded to this city: "Contract Surgeon Conn R. Ohliger, returning from a scout in the Pambugan mountains, Samar, was drowned by the swamping of a barola August 20, in the Pambujan river. Have not recovered body."

Contracts for the grading of the Canton, Massillon & Akron electric railway line have been let, and the work will be commenced at once. Contractor Gard, of Monroe, Mich., has the contract for ten miles of the line north of this city, and tools and men are being gathered together for the work.

President and Mrs. McKinley left about 10 o clock this morning over the Pennsylvania line for Buffalo, where they intend to visit the exposition during the ensuing week. The party goes by way of Cleveland. Returning from the exposition the president will stop in Cleveland for the G. A. R. encampment, for probably two days. The party is expected to return to Canton about September 14. How long the President and Mrs. McKinley will remain in Canton on their return before leaving for Washington is not known.

Tuesday, children's day at the Stark county fair grounds, passed off without a mishap. The day's attendance, considering that it was the opening day of the fair, was very good. Although Thursday, as usual, is expected to be the banner day of the fair, indications at 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning pointed to an unusually large attendance today. President and Mrs. McKinley drove out to the fair grounds Tuesday afternoon, and spent some time on the grounds, viewing exhibits in the buildings and watching the children at their pastimes. The Waynesburg band furnished the music on Tuesday, and the Military band, of Massillon, is playing today. Two races were pulled off on Tuesday afternoon. One was a novelty race for "green" horses, or such as had never been started for money. It was won by the horse of James Stienmetz, of Canton, W. A. Litle's steed finishing second. The finishes in the one mile "green" was as follows:

McKinley, b. s. by Patron, C. Callerdine, Minerv.	1	1	1
Minnie M., b. m., by Wanpaca, C. Monroe, Canton	2	2	2
Specter Boy, s. g., W. A. Albaugh, Canton	3	4	3
Don, bl. g., by Donegal, E. E. Klinglesmith, Massillon	4	3	4

Time 2:40; 2:41; 2:40.

Emery Miller, of Alliance, was starter, and W. Shertzer, of Canton, and C. A. Krider, of Massillon, judges.

Alexander Rerdick, as the administrator of the estate of the late James S. Beauregard, of Massillon, has instituted a $10,000 damage suit in common pleas court against the Massillon Iron & Steel Company. The petition was filed late on Tuesday afternoon, by Attorney A. D. James of Coshocton. It avers that the decedent, a minor 19 years of age, on April 18, 1900, and for some time previous thereto, was in the general employ of the defendant company, and under the direction of one William Schin, defendant's foreman. On the date named, the petition avers, Beauregard was ordered by Schin to oil a certain line shaft by which the mud mill was run. In doing this, it is alleged, the glove on Beauregard's left hand caught in a set screw projecting from a collar of the shaft, drawing his arm in, breaking it and winding it about the shaft, and lifting him from his feet and throwing him against a brick wall, instantly killing him. Beauregard, it is alleged, knew but little about machinery or the oiling thereof while in motion, and the attendant danger. Negilgence is imputed to the defendant in not informing him thereof, in allowing the set screw on which his glove caught to project from the collar, when, it is alleged, they should have been flush with the rest of the surface, in not providing light in the passage in which the accident occurred that the decedent might see the appendages aforesaid, and in not stopping the shaft while it was being oiled. The suit is brought for the benefit of a brother and sister.

Attorneys Sponseller and Sterling made another attempt to secure the release of Samuel Bowers, charged with non-support of a minor child, and whose habeas corpus petition was denied by Judge Ambler, on Tuesday afternoon, when they moved his dismissal before Justice Bowman. They based their motion on the law which requires all prisoners to be given a preliminary hearing within four days after their arrest, alleging that the four days had expired in this case. Justice Bowman, however, held that Sunday and Monday, which was Labor Day, were holidays and did not come within the provisions of the law. The motion was dismissed.

The directors of the Stark county infirmary held their annual meeting on Wednesday morning.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Louis Watkins and Elizabeth Smith, of East Greenville, and James Nelson and Elizabeth Pijder, of North Lawrence.

Charles S. King has been appointed administrator, and petition for sale of real estate has been filed in the estate of Caroline Decker, of Massillon.

MASSILLON COAL.

It Will be Furnished This Year to Cleveland Police Stations.

From the Cleveland Leader: The soft coal will be furnished to the police stations this year by P. P. Quayle and the hard coal by the Goff-Kirby Company. The contracts were awarded by the Board of Control Tuesday morning.

"Mr. Quayle, will you furnish Massillon lump coal as the contract calls for, or will you furnish an inferior coal, as you did to the Board of Education last year?" asked Director Beacom.

Mayor Johnson yawned and smiled behind his hand.

"I will do as the contract says," answered Mr. Quayle.

"Last year you said you couldn't get Massillon coal. Can you get it this year?" continued Mr. Beacom.

"Yep, I guess I can."

The vote was called for by Mayor Johnson. Director of Law Beacom was the only one to vote "No." and the contract was awarded to Mr. Quayle.

A Philosopher.

Wife—There's a burglar down cellar, Henry.

Husband—Well, my dear, we ought to be thankful that we are up stairs.

Wife—But he'll come up here.

Husband—Then we'll go down cellar, my dear. Surely a ten room house ought to be big enough to hold three people without crowding.—Detroit Free Press.

Misplaced Ability.

The young collegian snapped his watch lid down with a sigh of relief. "Preached 47 minutes," he announced to his neighbor. "We ought to get a man with wind like that on our track team."—Exchange.

The fig is the favorite fruit among animals, and horses, cows, hogs, sheep and goats will eat this fruit as readily as man. The elephant considers it a dainty, while all the fowls greedily devour figs.

SYSTEMIC CATARRH.

Peruna Cures Catarrh Wherever Located.

Miss Mattie L. Guild, of Chicago, Ill.

Miss Mattie L. Guild, President Illinois Young People's Christian Temperance Union, in a recent letter from Chicago, Ill., says:

"I doubt if Peruna has a rival in all the remedies recommended to-day for catarrh of the system. A remedy that will cure catarrh of the stomach will cure the same condition of the mucous membrane anywhere. I have found it the best remedy I have ever tried for catarrh, and believing it worthy my endorsement I gladly accord it."

Catarrh of the abdominal organs is very much more common in summer than in winter time. This form of catarrh might be appropriately classed as summer catarrh.

Peruna will cure catarrh wherever located. In pelvic catarrh it has won well deserved renown. Peruna will cure any case of diarrhœa, acute or chronic. Peruna is an absolute specific for dysentery. Peruna cures catarrh of the liver. Peruna cures catarrh of the stomach.

Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for a free book entitled "Summer Catarrh."

EXCURSIONS TO PITTSBURG.

Via Pennsylvania Lines for the New Exposition.

Dates on which excursion tickets to Pittsburg will be sold via Pennsylvania lines this year account the Exposition are Thursdays, September 12th, 19th, 26th, and October 3rd, 10th and 17th. from Dennison, Ohio, Cadiz, Ohio, Chester, W. Va., Wheeling, W. Va., Washington, Pa., and intermediate ticket stations on the Southwest system: and from Massillon, Ohio, Ashtabula, Ohio, Erie, Pa., Stoneboro, Pa., New Philadelphia, Ohio, Powhatan, Ohio, and intermediate ticket stations on the Northwest System. The return limit on all tickets will be three days including date of sale.

The Pittsburg Exposition of 1901 will be entirely new in all departments and excel ones of former years. New attractions will include $15,000 Toboggan Slide, Children's Eden Musee and Wonderland, A Day in the Alps, the Latest Moving Pictures and Magnificent Electric Display. Everything absolutely new.

Music will be furnished by the worlds leading musical organizations. Sousa and his band will appear at the Exposition afternoon and evening until September 17th: Damrosch's New York Symphony Orchestra, September 18th to October 1st: The Famous Banda Rossa, Italy's greatest musical organization, October 2nd to 12th: Emil Paur, and the New York Philharmonic Orchestra, October 14th to 19th. Information concerning tickets, rates, time of trains, etc., will be furnished upon application to Pennsylvania Lines Ticket Agents in territory mentioned. J. A. Shoemaker, Ticket Agent.

Everything new—buildings, exhibits and features—at the Pittsburg Exposition. Special fares via Pennsylvania Lines each Thursday, from September 12th to October 17th, inclusive. Sed J. A. A. Shoemaker, Ticket Agent.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, September 4, 1901:

LADIES.

Doerfer, Louisa C.	Finefrock, Lulu
Everests, Mrs. E. F.	Schmitz, Mrs Math
Wells Mi-s Cricket	

MEN.

Edmond, J. D.	Maybaugh, Frank
Evans, C.	Miller, Lewis
Foster, Harry	Scott, W. J.
Hammil, George S.	Smyth, Sa- B.
Iler, J. E.	Northern E. R.
Marks Emm t	Young, Aus in
Martin, C. L.	Zuller, John

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised

LOUIS A. KOONS, P. M.

With the exception of Norway, there is no country in Europe whose area is so taken up by forests as Germany, more than a quarter of its surface being devoted to them.

The tongue is a little thing, but it fills the universe with trouble.

Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Cholera Infantum

Promptly Cured by

Mull's Lightning Pain Killer

the only safe and pure article because it is free from opiates, capsicum and ammonia

Safe for Children. Get a bottle of **Mull's Lightning Pain Killer** from your druggist at once in case of emergency. Give internally in warm water and milk; also apply it on stomach and bowels by saturating a flannel cloth with the Pain Killer. Relief comes quickly. Repeat this every half hour until checked. 25c a bottle at druggists, or sent by

The Lightning Medicine Co.
Rock Island, Ill.

Mull's Grape Tonic fortifies against excessive heat. Cures stomach trouble and indigestion, sick headache, etc. 50c for a large bottle.

HAY SENT A NOTE

To Colombia and Venezuela, Expressing Regret at Their Imbroglio.

AMERICA MIGHT SETTLE IT

If Asked by Both Parties, so the Communication Hinted—Hope Expressed That Isthmus Transit Would Not Be Menaced.

Washington, Sept. 4.—It is ascertained that on Aug. 24, during Secretary Hay's recent visit to Washington, a telegraphic message was sent to the ministers at Caracas and Bogota, directing them to inform the foreign secretaries of Venezuela and Colombia of the distress with which the president had heard of the likelihood of a disturbance of the relations between those two republics. Adverting to the possibility of the influence of the United States being exerted to compose the pending questions, the ministers were directed to say that while th relations of this government with both nations are equally intimate and friendly and every opportunity is taken to show the good will we bear them, an offer of th president's kindly offices to arrange any diffrences which may exist between Colombia and Venezuela would be ineffective without the acquiescence of both. Nevertheless, inspired by the sentiments which are common to all the governments of the American republics, the United States would sincerely deplore a breach of the amicable relations that at this time happily exist between the sister nations of the western world, and would especially regret any action by either of them which might menace the security of transit across the Isthmus or the neutrality of its territory and thereby constrain the government of the United States to consider its responsibilities and functions under existing treaty engagemnts with Colombia.

The text of Mr. Hay's telegram has not been made public. It is understood that an acknowledgement of its receipt has been made by the Venezuelan government, but its purport has not been made known, although it is said to be friendly in tone and, while charging invasion by Colombian forces on the Venezuelan border and referring to the temporary suspension of diplomatic intercourse which has occurred, the way appears to be open for explanations. Venezuela has not declared war against Colombia.

Colombia also, it is said, has made response to the note of Secretary Hay. While its contents are not obtainable, the statement is made that it is conciliatory in character and expresses an earnest wish that a war with Venezuela may be avoided. Such a result, it is stated, would be a cause of genuine regret to the people of Colombia.

Colombia, it is stated, stands ready to accept the friendly intervention of the United States to avert war and reposes full confidence in the latter country.

CHAFFEE REPORTED DEATHS.

List of a Number That Expired Reported to the War Department by American Commander.

Washington, Sept. 4.—General Chaffee, under date of July 22, reported the following deaths in his command since his last report:

Dysentery—Arthur Bach, acting hospital steward, Dagupan, Luzon, July 12; Joseph J. Doughty, corporal, M, Twenty-sixth infantry, July 8, Guinobatan, Luzon; John H. Given, C, Twelfth infantry, July 13, Baugued, Luzon; Joseph Shelton, I, Twenty-fourth infantry, July 10, Dagupan, Luzon; Edward R. Stone, G, Seventeenth infantry, July 12, Dagupan, Luzon; Charles E. Williamson, D, Fifteenth cavalry, June 27, Tagaloan, Mindanao.

Tuberculosis—Micheal P. Buckley, hospital corps, July 13, Station Mesa hospital; Charles M Trammick, L, Ninth cavalry, July 16, Station Mesa hospital

Peritonitis—Joseph Riley, D, Fourth cavalry, July 10, San Isidro, Luzon; Alfred W Clark, B, Third cavalry, July 13, Bangar, Luzon.

Alcoholism—John Wright, D, Sixteenth cavalry, July 12, Pasaya, Manila; Thomas J Mulvihill, D, Sixth infantry, June 27, Isabela, Negros.

Abscess of liver—Emanuel Holman, A, Twenty-first infantry, July 11, Station Mesa hospital.

Colitis—Thomas Dunn, E, Eighteenth infantry, June 30

Suicide—Fred Bandedistel, H, Eighth infantry, July 6, Magdalena, Luzon

Variola—James R. Clark, E, Twenty-first Infantry, June 28, Candalaria, Luzon.

Drowned—Fredrick G. Rabenau, E, Sixteenth infantry, July 9, Ilagan, Luzon; body not recovered.

Malarial fever—James H. Cattanch, K, Fifth infantry, June 18, Dolores, Luzon.

Fell from quarters, fracturing neck—Paul Decutis, C, Seventeenth infantry, July 14, Lingayen, Luzon.

TO SHOOT BRITISH AFTER SEPT. FIRST.

DeWet Issues Proclamation Threatening to Kill English—Afrikanders Join Burghers.

LONDON, Sept. 4.—A dispatch to the "Daily Mail" from Cape Town says that General DeWet has issued a proclamation declaring that he will shoot all British troops found in the Orange River colony after September 15

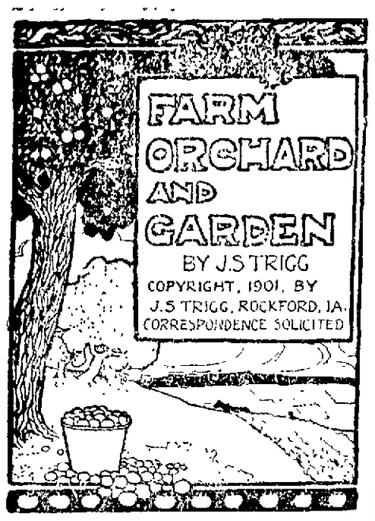
A dispatch to the "Standard" from Brussels says that Mr. Kruger has received a report from General Schalkburger, acting president of the Transvaal, assuring that the position of the Boers is improving owing to daily accessions of Afrikander rebels.

TWELVE CARS PILED UP.

Fireman Will Die From Injuries From Wreck Near Youngstown.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Sept. 4.—As the result of a headon collision between two freight trains on the Erie road at Boughton last night Frank O'Neil, one of the firemen will die.

Twelve freight cars were piled up, and Engineer J. E. Worrell and Brakeman George Williams were both seriously injured by jumping



A 3-year-old Tamworth boar is about as homely an animal as the Lord ever created.

It is not true that "the barking dog never bites." We once lost a good pair of pants by trusting to this motto.

The lazy fellows who planted their corn late drew a prize this year. Every man has his innings sooner or later.

The katydid gave us his first stridulous note this year July 25. The old rule is six weeks to frost from that date.

Let it be said that there were more deaths in the beer cellars than in the harvest fields. The old soak was easy game for old Sol.

The famous tobacco district of Wisconsin has to mourn the loss of a very large per cent of the crop of tobacco this year owing to drought.

On Aug. 1 a catbird built a nest and started to raise a brood in a cherry tree in our orchard—two months later than their usual period of incubation.

One compensating feature of the short crop of fruit is to be cheaper sugar. The American people are entitled to 26 pounds of sugar for a dollar.

Tests show that cans of milk covered with a wet blanket were kept 15 degrees cooler while being hauled to the creamery than were cans of milk not so covered.

It is better to have a yard full of high priced and healthy hogs and a short corn crop than to have the cribs full of 18 cent corn and hog cholera, leaving you not a hog to feed it to.

The spontaneous combustion of soft coal is responsible for a great many fires, particularly in creameries. When such coal is put in a pile in a damp condition it is always a source of danger.

Portable skimming stations, or a wagon equipped with a separator, which makes the rounds of a dairy section, is a new wrinkle. Where only a few cows are kept on each farm the system is a success.

New Zealand dairy farms are worth from $100 to $150 per acre, and such farms furnish the nearest to ideal dairy conditions of any country in the world—plenty of rain, no cold weather and luxuriant grass all the year round.

Two trees, one a hackberry, the other a cottonwood, grew beside a potato field. The potatoes were practically destroyed for a distance of 40 feet from the cottonwood, while they grew thriftily within 10 feet of the hackberry. Why this difference?

Fat stock is almost always sold by guess weight in England The accuracy with which British cattle buyers will estimate the weight and beef worth of a "critter" is something marvelous. This method is never practiced in this country, the scales being the sole arbiter of weights.

Ensilage will not add a particle to the nutritive value of the forage put in the silo. It simply puts such forage into a uniformly palatable condition and saves a greater percentage of the food value of any forage so treated. To this may be added a greater convenience in the matter of feeding.

The cattle of the Kansas and Nebraska ranges are being rushed to market and go to the canners for what they will bring—this on account of the drought and short forage crop This sacrifice of stock will be felt in the market next year, when these same cattle should have been marketed as good beef animals.

If you want your name in the county paper and a little well deserved notoriety, just go to work and gravel the public highway bordering your farm Such a good example would be infectious, and the first thing you know your neighbor will be doing the same thing. If you should die while engaged in the work, you would have the greatest funeral on record.

A dog boozed out and grabbed by the tail a horse which was being driven along the public highway. The horse ran away and ran into a buggy containing some children, breaking the buggy and an arm of one of the children. The dog belonged to what is called a leading and influential citizen and so was permitted to live. If that dog dies of poison this fall some time, there will be a notice in the local paper to the effect that "some fiend in human shape is poisoning the dogs of the community," when the gentleman referred to has done a most patriotic act.

While the cost will vary somewhat according to local conditions, it is, as a general thing, possible to put shredded corn fodder in the stack or barn at a cost of about $2.50 per ton, and when so secured it is by a common verdict worth as much per ton as is the best clover and timothy hay. This is assuming that the corn was cut at the proper time and properly cared for before shredding.

We noted lately at least ten tons of very nice bright oat straw just thrashed which the owner, a farm tenant, had allowed to pile in an irregular heap from the machine so that the fall rains would spoil it all. This straw was worth at least $30 had it been well stacked. This same man will be giving a chattel mortgage next winter to get money to pay his taxes and a grocery bill, as we happen to know.

When working among bees, one should be very steady in moving about and opening the hives. Never open them with a snap and crash. It makes the bees very irritable to be jerked about. It sometimes happens that some of the farm stock get in the apiary and overturn a hive or two, and of course the bees are aroused and sting the animals. Perhaps the quickest way to subdue the bees is to throw a pail of water over them.

If the continued and destructive drought could only have been anticipated by growers of corn many a fine field might have been carried safe through by continued surface cultivation with a single horse, but the hind sight as to this matter was better than the foresight. We saved a large bed of newly set strawberries and kept them thrifty and growing all through the dry time by running a garden hoe through the field every three days during the drought.

One reader writes that he carried out the suggestion made in these notes by us last May of planting a few acres of sweet corn and sowing the field with rape at the time of the last plowing as August and September feed for hogs and that he finds himself with an abundance of the best of food for his hundred head of hogs at a time when if he did not have it he would be obliged to buy high priced corn to feed them. He adds that this one suggestion was worth a hundred dollars to him.

A war to the knife and the knife to the hilt is now in progress between the homesteader or actual settler and the stock barons of the range country, with the government wholly on the side of the homesteader. A very few settlers can destroy the value of a large cattle range, and there is little doubt that so far as all public lands are concerned the day of the cattle baron is ended. While this may result in making beef higher in price, it is still a good thing all round.

We are asked why more turnips are not raised as stock food in the territory comprised in the corn belt. The climatic condition which insures good crops of corn are simply fatal to the turnip, which must have a cool, moist climate to insure its perfect development. Thus England and New Zealand naturally become the great turnip producing countries The best turnips produced in America come from Canada. We do not regard the inability to raise turnips as a misfortune. The crop involves much hand labor, and corn ensilage will give all and more than can be obtained from any root crop, with infinitely less trouble in preparing and feeding.

NEW VARIETIES OF POTATOES.

A reader at Waterloo, Ia., requests us to state, in order to settle a dispute, how new varieties of potatoes are originated In reply we say that the seed, which may be found in the potato balls which grow on the vines like tomatoes, is the source of new varieties, and the only source. New varieties of currants, gooseberries, strawberries, apples—in fact, most fruits—are obtained in the same manner, while the propagation of any given variety is accomplished by cuttings, tubers, runners, grafts, etc. Some seedsmen make a specialty of originating new varieties of potatoes in the manner described and produce thousands of seedlings, no one of which may be worth propagating for the one that is. Potatoes of any variety which may be of value and become popular usually have a run of from 15 to 20 years, when they seem to run out and disappear. Our older readers will recall the time when the Pinkeye, Western Red, Cowhorn and Neshannock were each standard varieties, but now not to be found.

SHOULD THE THIRD WELL BE PLUGGED?

We are asked as to the equities in the following case: Two men had artesian wells, which supplied their places with plenty of flowing water. A third man, a neighbor, thought he would have a well also. He struck a good flow of water, and when his well got to work the water stopped flowing in his neighbors' wells. We are asked if this man had a right to obtain water at his neighbors' expense in this manner. We think if it could be conclusively proved that the putting down of the third well was the sole cause of the failure of the other two an injunction would hold against the owner of well No. 3, the rule in law being that the prior appropriation and use of the water conferred title thereto which the law would protect. This rule applies in all irrigating matters, but in this case there would be trouble in establishing the fact that the failure of the wells first drilled was caused by the opening of well No. 3. If this case ever got into court the lawyers would make more out of it than would the contestants.

106 DEGREES F. IN THE SHADE.

The Mississippi valley, the largest fertile tract of land on the globe, was subjected from July 23 up to July 28 to a most abnormally hot condition, the like of which has never been known since the country was settled. Scant and infrequent showers through June had but poorly met the needs of growing crops. Then followed over 30 days with no rain and the mercury ranging from 95 to 106. 13 days of the time registering above 100. But few types of vegetation could endure this continued degree of intense heat. The bloom was killed on the corn, cereal grains were prematurely ripened, nearly all flower buds blighted, only cannas and geraniums seeming to be equal to the test. The shrunken streams, burned up pastures and seared cornfields made a sorry sight. We refer to the matter just for the purpose of showing how small a variation in temperature represents success or failure in agriculture. From 90 to 100 degrees of heat is the making of the corn crop, while a temperature of 116 in the shade practically uses it up. Such a degree of heat can hardly be called tropical, for it is seldom reached in tropical latitudes, and even if reached is modified so far as plant life is concerned by the great humidity of the atmosphere, so that vegetation is not injured. The heat which fell on the Mississippi valley last month was the heat of the desert—drying, shriveling, blistering. The crop losses sustained by this 30 days of desert heat were enormous and will reach up to the hundreds of millions of dollars.

WEATHER FAKES.

A friend writes us criticising us for treating the long range weather prophets with so much irreverence and lack of respect and appeals to us to know whether they are not sometimes right in their forecasts and prognostications. We do not care to discuss this matter at length in these notes. Any fool can guess on the weather and be right a part of the time. We will only repeat what we have heretofore said in these notes—viz the weather service of the government, based upon telegraphic reports of temperature, humidity, barometrical pressure and the knowledge possessed of the law of storm movements, constitutes the only reliable basis of any weather forecast. These forecasts it is well to heed, for they are based on common sense principles, but when some old crank, hairy and idiotic, essays to forecast weather conditions based on sun spots, star orbits and lunar changes and gets off a mess about perhelions, conjunctions and all sorts of stellar rot no sensible man should waste a moment's time on him or pay the least regard to his twaddle. For a fact the American people should have outgrown the stage of 50 years ago, when a patent medicine almanac was accepted as weather authority because it was right part of the time. While we might possibly excuse some very old people for belief in such lunacy, we have our opinion of a live man who will invest his money or govern his business by such folly.

ONE GOOD OLD WAY.

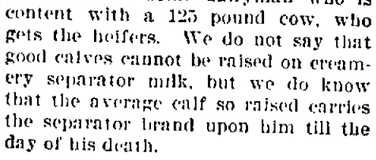
In the days of our grandparents, when there were no stoves and when the cooking was done before the open fire and in the outside bake oven, baking day was an important date in the domestic economy of all homes. Then it was that the goodwife did up all the baking for a week, and so the loaves of rye and injun bread, the pot of pork and beans, the batch of pies and cakes, were all prepared and baked at one heating of the oven, and right choice, good food it all was. Today, with modern stoves in partnership with the frying pan and the baking powder can, nothing is provided ahead and each meal has to be cooked independently, greatly increasing the labor of the housekeeper. We believe that the old way, which compelled a baking day once a week, was a good thing—good for the housekeeper and good for the health of the family.

THREE WISE MEN.

Three fake long range weather prophets have lately assumed to explain the cause of the July drought and abnormally heated term. No two assign the same cause. One lays it to Jupiter, another to the removal of the forests and a third to spots on the sun. They know nothing about the matter, and are simply blowing off to obscure the fact that nary one of them predicted the conditions in advance. In the ancient days there were magi, scothsayers and dream mongers passing as wise men, and in these latter times we have men performing the same sort of antics and necromancy, degrading science as a tool with which to work. And there are just as many suckers to believe them as in the time of Pharaoh, Ahab and Herod

THE CREAMERY SEPARATOR CALF.

We passed by a pasture lot recently in which were 20 spring calves upon which the creamery separator had got in its work. With well fed calves of their age readily bringing $10 each, these would have been dear at $2.50. Unfortunately, unlike the poor little bottle babies of the big cities, the calves did not die when fed sour separator milk, and will live to fool some sucker who tries to make beef out of the steers or some dairyman who is content with a 125 pound cow, who gets the heifers. We do not say that good calves cannot be raised on creamery separator milk, but we do know that the average calf so raised carries the separator brand upon him till the day of his death.



IN CHERRY TIME.

Cherry Pie, Pudding, Dumplings and Other Delicacies.

The Morello cherry is the best for all cooking purposes, being fleshy and full of flavor and best retains these conditions after heating.

Cherry Pie.—A toothsome pie may be made by lining a deep pie dish with rich crust, brushing this over with the white of an egg to keep the juice from seeping through. Fill with good, ripe, stoned cherries, spread with bits of butter and sweeten well with sugar, adding a shake or two of flour from the dredger. Put on a top crust, making an incision for the steam to escape, and bake.

Cherry Batter Pudding.—Butter thickly a pudding dish that will hold a pint and a half, fill nearly full with ripe, stoned cherries and pour over it a batter made with three eggs, one cupful of milk and four tablespoonfuls of flour. Beat smooth and light, adding a pinch of salt. Cover the mold and boil one hour and a half.

Steamed Pudding.—Cream together the yolks of three eggs and a cupful of sugar, adding a quarter of a pound of butter, then add a cupful of milk and a cupful and a half of flour, with a large teaspoonful of baking powder. Fold in the whites of the eggs, which have been stiffly beaten, and a quart of stoned cherries, pour into a buttered mold and steam one hour.

Following is a delicious sauce to be eaten with either of the above puddings or with any fruit puddings or dumplings: Cream together a quarter of a pound of butter and four tablespoonfuls of sugar; add the yolks of two eggs and beat well. Simmer a few moments in a farina boiler, take from the fire and whisk into it the stiffly beaten whites.

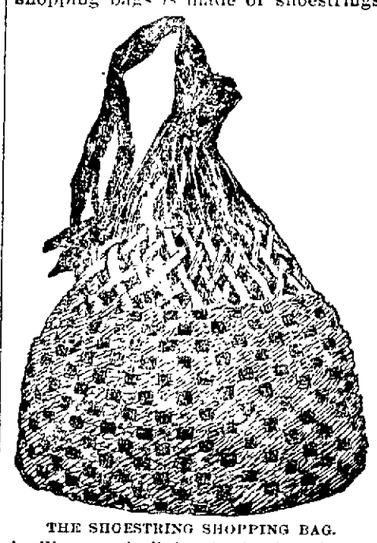
Cherry Dumplings.—These are very good if made of pie crust, having for shortening half butter and half lard—no baking powder. They may be made into individual dumplings, or the dough may be made into one roll. Use for filling ripe stoned cherries and no sugar. They are to be eaten with cream and sugar or the above sauce.

Frozen Cherries.—Stone a quart of rich, ripe cherries, adding to them a cupful of sugar. Let stand four hours. Make a rich custard by heating a quart of cream to boiling point. Beat 12 eggs without separating. Beat until very light; now pour the heated cream to which has been added sugar in a gentle stream, whisking constantly; cool and freeze. When nearly done, remove the dasher, add the cherries and beat until finished.

Cherry Jam.—Weigh and stone perfectly sound, mellow cherries, strain the juice from the stones and put into a granite preserving kettle with the cherries. Heat slowly, and when they reach the boiling point allow them to simmer 15 minutes; add sugar in proportion of three-quarters of a pound to one pound of unstoned fruit; cook slowly until they jelly. Put away in jam pots, with a paper over the top. If the flavor is liked, some of the stones may be crushed and the flavor extracted by steeping, then straining into the cherries before cooking.—Table Talk.

Natty Bag For Shopping.

One of the nattiest things seen in shopping bags is made of shoestrings.



THE SHOESTRING SHOPPING BAG.

A silk or satin lining is the foundation. Over it goes a network woven from imported mohair shoestrings. The exterior of the bag is so strong that it will wear out three or four linings. This bag is considered the most appropriate thing to carry with a tailored suit, and, better than being fashionable, it has such stretching qualities that Santa Claus himself might go a-shopping with it.—Good Housekeeping.

Crochet and Laces.

Once again coarse cotton crochet has come into favor, and a delightful addition it makes to the borders of sheets, toilet covers, tablecloths and the like. And crochet insertions and edgings do charming service as trimmings for summer blouses, cotton gowns and children's washing frocks.

Nowadays, when lace collecting may be counted as a fashionable luxury, a coffer for storing the fragile treasures is an essential and, with a delicately embroidered cover, makes a charming ornament for the boudoir.

The Princess Muslin Gown.

A good way of making a muslin gown is unlined and worn over a princess dress of white glace silk, fastening down the back. Such a princess dress may, of course, do duty under several muslin gowns, and the simplest way of making these is with a yoke of lace, a slightly gathered bodice, a belt of glace and a skirt with tucks on the straight flounce.

French Fried Potatoes.

Wash and pare small potatoes, cut them in eighths lengthwise and soak one hour in cold water. Drain, dry and fry in deep fat. Drain on brown paper and sprinkle with salt.

The Indian and the Northwest.

A handsomely illustrated book just issued, bound in cloth and containing 115 pages of interesting historical data relating to the settlement of the great Northwest, with fine half-tone engravings of Black Hawk, Sitting Bull, Red Cloud and other noted chiefs; Custer's battleground and ten colored map plates showing location of the various tribes dating back to 1600. A careful review of the book impresses one that it is a valued contribution to the history of these early pioneers, and a copy should be in every library. Price, 50 cents per copy. Mailed postage prepaid upon receipt of this amount by W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Reduced Rates to California, Queen & Crescent.

Special reduced rates to California, Queen & Crescent route Great opportunity to visit the Pacific coast. Quick schedules and excellent train service. Ask Queen & Crescent ticket agents or address W. C. Rinearson, G P. A., Cincinnati, for particulars.

The Correct Population of Cities and Towns in the Northwest,

Located along the line of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, is shown in a booklet just issued by that Company. Copy may be obtained by sending stamp to W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth Ave., Chicago.

Pennsylvania College for Women

Eas End. Pittsburg, Pa.

32nd year begins Sept 17th, 1901. Thorough College Course. Curriculum equal to the best Preparatory Course. Music Art, Situation combines beauty and space of country with city advantages Gymnasium, tennis, golf For information address

Rev. Chalmers Martin D. D., President

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By the Magnificent Steamers of the WHITE STAR LINE

Leaving foot of Madison Street Daily at 9.to A. M. after arrival of morning trains. Returning, arrive Week Days 8.30 P. M., Sundays 9 00 P. M. Fare to Detroit, 75c. unlimited round trip, $1.25 Excursions to Detroit and return, Week Days $1, Sundays 50c. To Pt. Huron and return, a delightful two days' trip, only $2.00, meals and berth extra.

Special Rates to Societies

Close connections at Detroit with steamers for Mackinac, the "Soo," Duluth, etc. For further information see nearest Railroad Agent or write

C. F. BIELMAN, Tr. Mgr. A. W. COLTON, Gen. Agt. DETROIT, MICH. TOLEDO, O.

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THE BEST MADE. ALL STATIONERS SELL THEM.

Send 10 cents for 12 assorted pens. THE ESTERBROOK STEEL PEN CO. 26 John St., New York.

THE INDEPENDENT contains the cream of the Court News Now is the time to subscribe,

TRAVELER'S REGISTER.

Trains Arrive and Depart on Central Standard Time

Change in Time of Trains on Pennsylvania Lines.

Under the new schedule in effect, May 26, trains over the Pennsylvania Lines leave Massillon.

For the East—2:12, 4:39, 8:05 a. m.; 1:12, 4:26, 7:55, 10:22 p. m.

For the West—4:12, 8.25, 10:00, 10:10 a. m.; 5:42, 9:35 p m.

For particular information on the subject apply to J A. Shoemaker, Agent.

BEFORE YOU GO

To the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo

consult a passenger or ticket agent of the Pennsylvania Lines about low fares and convenient through time over that route. Recent changes in return privileges, etc., will interest all persons contemplating trips to Chautauqua Lake, the Pan-American, Niagara Falls and resorts in Canada. Ask the nearest Pennsylvania Lines agent for particulars J. A. Shoemaker, ticket agent, Massillon, O.

Ohio State Fair Excursions via Pennsylvania Lines.

August 26 to September 6th inclusive, excursion tickets to Columbus will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines for the State Fair. See Pennsylvania Lines ticket agents.

Excursions to Canton via Pennsylvania Lines

Sept. 2 to 6, inclusive, excursion tickets to Canton will be sold, account Stark County Fair, from Salem, Wooster and intermediate points; valid to return until Sept. 7.

LONGER TIME AT BUFFALO

Return Limit Extended on Pan-American Excursion Tickets via Pennsylvania Lines

The return limit on excursion tickets to Buffalo over the Pennsylvania Lines for the Pan-American Exposition will be as follows: On tickets sold at one cent per mile for Tuesday coach excursions, the return limit will include trains leaving Buffalo not later than one o'clock a. m., central time, of the Monday immediately following the date of sale, making the limit on such tickets practically six days for the round trip. The limit on ten day excursion tickets sold at one fare plus one dollar will be fifteen days, and the limit on fifteen day tickets sold at one and one-third fare will be twenty days. These extensions will be effective on and after August 20th. For information about specific fares, through time, etc., consult nearest ticket agent on Pennsylvania Lines.

A blessing alike to young and old; Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry Nature's specific for dysentery, diarrhea and summer complaint.

C. A. & C. CLEVELAND, AKRON & COLUMBUS RY.

Trains Run by Central Standard Time.

Southbound.	502	538	528	504
	a m	p m	p m	a m
CLEVELAND.....lv	*8 10	*1 20	*7 20	.....
Hudson.....	9 08	2 28	8 25	*10 45
AKRON..... ar	9 35	2 58	8 55	11 10
AKRON..... lv	9 35	2 58	8 55	11 10
Barberton.....	9 49	3 10	9 13	*11 30
ORRVILLE..... ar	10 25	3 55	9 53	508
ORRVILLE..... lv	10 30	3 55	10 08	a m
Millersburg.....	11 12	4 40	10 47	*5 46
Mt. Vernon.....	12 32	6 05	12 15	7 10
COLUMBUS.....ar	*1 50	*7 8	*1 40	*8 40
	p m	p m	a m	a m

Northbound.	527	535	503	507
	a m	a m	p m	p m
COLUMBUS.....lv	*12 40	*6 55	*12 05	*5 35
Mt. Vernon.....	2 2'	8 28	1 30	7 10
Millersburg.....	3 55	9 4	2 44	*8 36
ORRVILLE..... ar	4 45	10 30	3 33	506
ORRVILLE..... lv	4 55	10 40	3 33	p m
Barberton.....	5 38	11 18	4 07	*4 00
AKRON..... ar	5 55	11 38	4 25	4 17
AKRON..... lv	6 05	11 38	4 25	4 17
Hudson.....	6 35	12 06	4 55	*4 43
CLEVELAND.....ar	*7 80	1 05	*5 50	.....
	a m	p m	p m	p m

Train for Warsaw, Trinway, Zanesville and intermediate stations on Dresden Branch leaves Millersburg, 11:12 a m week days.

*Every day †Week days only.

E. A. FORD Gen. Pass. Agt, Pittsburg, Pa

New Schedule on the W. & L. E. R'y to Take Effect Sunday, June 9.

Eastbound—No 7, 9:15 a. m.; No 1, 1 57 p.m.; No. 3, 6:35 p. m.

Westbound—No 4, 10:10 a. m., No. 2, 4:50 p. m; No. 8, 7:15 p. m., stops here.

Above time is leaving time at Massillon.

Trains 7, 3, 4 and 8, daily.

Trains 1 and 2, daily except Sunday.

Parlor cars will run on trains 2 and 3 week days, and on Sundays on trains 3 and 4. W. R. HANSEN, Agt.

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry. Co

Schedule in effect June 9 1901.

Southbound (down)				(up) Northbound		
p m 1	p.m 13	a m 1	Lorain Branch	p.m 10	a.m 14	p.m 16
6 10	1 05	6 30	Lorain.....	3 25	11 15	7 55
6 1	1 25	6 44	Elyria.....	3 12	11 00	7 41
6 23	1 43	7 03	Grafton.....	2 56	10 43	7 28
6 58	2 1	7 40	Lester Junct	2 32	10 23	7 05
*5	4	*1	Main Line	2	4	*6
5 55	1 3	7 29	Cleveland.....	a m 3 30	11 15	6 00
6 11	8 47	7 33	Brooklyn	8 13	11 01	5 46
7 00	2 31	8 20	Lester Junct....	7 27	10 22	5 00
7 15	2 46	8 3	Medina.....	7 10	10 14	4 48
7 27	2 57	8 41	C Lake.....	7 02	10 03	4 35
7 37	2 59	8 51	Seville.....	6 52	9 56	4 26
7 4	3 0	8 6	Sterling.....	6 46	9 56	4 20
8 07	3 24	9 16	Warwick.....	6 2	9 31	3 56
8 15	3 32	9 23	Canal Fulton	6 18	9 28	3 48
8 37	3 5	9 43	Ar. Dep. Massillon	6 00	9 05	3 30
8 35	3 5	9 43	Ar. Dept.	6 00	9 0	3 30
8 59	4 00	9 59	Justus..	5 45	8 50	3 13
9 20	4 37	0 30	Canal Dover..	5 15	8 20	2 44
9 27	4 4	0 37	N Philadelphia	5 08	8 15	2 37
9 47	5 0	0 55	Uhrichsville....	4 50	7 58	2 20
.....	5 0	7 0	Flushing ..	...	6 57	1 20
.....	7 0	1 0	Bridgeport..	...	6 00	12 26
p. m	p m	a.m		a. m	a. m	p. m

Bridgeport Accommodation	Northb'd p.m	Southb'd a m
Massillon	7 50	6 30
Justus	7 34	6 49
Canal Dover	7 03	7 21
New Philadelphia	6 55	7 28
Uhrichsville	6 34	7 43
Flushing	6 31	8 52
Bridgeport	4 30	10 00

Sunday trains at Massillon, northbound, 7:20 a m., 3:30 p m. arriving 7.50 p. m

Southbound—6:30 a. m., 9:45 a. m. 8:35 p. m.

Electric cars between Bridgeport, Bellaire Martin's Ferry and Wheeling

M. G. CARPEL, G. P. A., Cleveland, O

Canton-Massillon Electric Ry—Interurban

On and after Monday, June 24, 1901, Interurban trains will leave the Public Square Canton, for Massillon, and the City Park, Massillon, for Canton, as follows:

STANDARD TIME.

*5 30 a m	11 30 a m	5 30 p m
*6 06 a m	12 0 p m	6 06 p m
6 54 a m	12 54 p m	6 54 p m
7 30 a m	1 30 p m	7 30 p m
8 06 a m	2 06 p m	8 06 p m
8 54 a m	2 54 p m	8 54 p m
9 30 a m	3 30 p m	9 30 p m
10 06 a m	4 06 p m	10 30 p m
10 54 a m	4 54 p m	

*Sundays excepted.

All trains leaving Massillon after 6 30 a. m. connect for the Lake.

For special service, rates and information apply to L. O'TOOL, Supt. Canton, O or F H. KILLINGER, Gen. Agt. Massillon O.

The Cleveland Terminal & Valley R. R.

"B. & O. System."

Taking Effect May 19, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

	* No. 46	* No 4.	† No. 6.	* No. 10	* No. 8.
Massillon	A. M.	A. 7 30	A10 30	P 3 30	P. 8 30
Canton..	5 45	9 15	P 12 01	4 19	7 46
Akron.....	6 45	9 05	1 00	4 10	8 15
Cleveland	8 15	10 00	2 10	5 45	9 25

SOUTH BOUND

	* No. 7.	† No. 3.	* No. 5.	* No. 9.	* No 4
Cleveland	A. 7 25	A11 00	P11. 20	P 3 25	P. 6 25
Akron	9 05	P12 20	12 15	4 85	7 35
Canton...	9 41	1 08	1 15	5 44	8 40
Massillon	10 30	2 10	.....	6 10	9 26

*Daily †Daily except Sunday.

C. W. BRIEDER Agent, 40 E. Main

Bear in mind that the want columns is a good investment

BEAUMONT OIL FIELDS.

Low Rates, Direct Line, Excellent Train Service via Queen & Crescent Route.

W. C. Rinearson, G. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

All patrons of THE INDEPENDENT are requested to furnish copy for their advertisements not later than 9:30 a. m. of the day on which they are to appear. When sent in at a later hour, it may be necessary to delay their publication until the following day.

Come to THE INDEPENDENT office for your job printing.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE SONS OF TOIL.

All Massillon Does Honor to King Labor.

THE PICNIC ON THE HILL.

Nicholas Geiger, a Well Known Socialist of Cleveland, Delivered the Address—There Were 600 Workingmen in the Parade, Which Was the Largest Ever Seen in the City.

The Massillon Trades and Labor Assembly Monday made good its promise of the largest celebration the city has ever seen on Labor Day. The parade took place in the morning. Taking labor's ranks alone, excluding the men in the industrial parade and the band, there were 397 men in line. Marshal Smith led the parade over the route announced, including West Tremont, Grant and Main streets to the grove the other end was on the canal bridge.

PETER SMITH,
President of the Trades and Labor Assembly.

H. B. Sterne,
Vice President of the Trades and Labor Assembly.

Chief Marshal Peter Smith, astride of a prancing charger, rode at the head of the procession. The police walking six abreast, followed, and then came the Harmonia band. The picnic committee, composed of representatives from the various organizations preceded the other locals. The committee's members are Peter Smith, N. P. Maier, Jacob Levi, A. H. Boerner J. K. Jacoby, J. T. Jenkins, Andrew Schwab, Albert Shaidnagle, Louis Bernard, Bernard Bell, Nicholas Weltlich, Harry Caldwell, Michael Baatz, Hartley Smith, William Dutton, John Arnold, H. Parmacott, Sr., and Frank Sticker.

The unions, with the number of men marching under each banner, came in the following order: Iron Moulders', No. 181, 23; Cigarmakers, 19; Glassworkers, 186; Iron Moulders, No. 250, 28; Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, 67; Typographical Union, 18; Coremakers, 13; Tailors, 9; Federal Labor Union, 40; Electrical Workers and helpers, 3; Bartenders, 14; Painters, 37; Plumbers, 14; Clerks, 20; Packers and Ware Carriers, 14; Barbers, 16; Carpenters, 22; Bakers, 12.

Many of the unions wore uniforms procured specially for the occasion. The bakers were clothed in white throughout, and in their midst a cake of fancy design was carried aloft. This cake was subsequently raffled off. The Amalgamated Association had its members in white duck suits. The moulders wore dark shirts and white trousers. Many of the organizations, like the plumbers, simply appeared in the garments ordinarily worn by the followers of the trade. The cigarmakers, as their special feature, carried a cigar ten feet long and otherwise proportionately built.

Mayor Wise and Marshal Kitchen rode in a carriage at the head of the industrial parade. Various business houses were represented. Most of them had carriages, with banners bearing the names of the firms, etc.

BERNARD BELL,
Treasurer of Trades and Labor Assembly

NELSON P. MAIER,
Secretary Trades and Labor Assembly

In East Main street. When the head of the procession reached the entrance

to the grove the other end was on the canal bridge.

THE ADDRESS

Nicholas Geiger, of Cleveland, formerly a member of the Carriage Builders' and Wagon Makers' Association, but recently a professional orator of socialistic tendencies, delivered the address. He was introduced by J. T. Jenkins. Mr. Geiger referred to "the merry capitalists" as "the workingman's common enemy," and upon what he considered the scoring of his points would demand: "How you like that, you prosperous wage slaves?" Mr. Greiger declared that the unionists will carry on strike, lockout, and every other movement known to the labor agitators for 363 days out of the year, and the other two will vote into offices men who, in the very nature of things, must be opposed to them and their interests.

THE SPORTS.

Boys' race (under 15 years old)—First prize, James Sylvis; second, John Brady.

Girls' race (under 15 years old)—First, May Featheringham; second, Flora Bantz.

Fifty yards dash—First, Charles Clapper; second, W. Snyder.

One hundred yard dash for boys—First, Sidney Kaylor; second, John Bevan.

Married women's race—First, Mrs. H. Rimmele; second, Mrs. M. Burns.

Fat man's race—First, A. H. Metzger; second, Michael Burns.

Three legged race—First, A. Kessel and C. Heyman; second, John Bruce and Fred Setterlin.

All fours race, 100 feet—First, James Sylvis; second, John Brady.

Boys' race—First, Louis Burkhart; second, A. Eisenbrei.

Tug-of-war—The rolling mill team won from the team composed of Russell & Company's employes. At the beginning the Russell & Company team seemed to be the stronger, as it pulled the mill men several feet toward victory, but it could not hold the advantage gained. Once the mill men began to get possession of the rope, there was no hope for the Russell team. The prize was $10 in cash.

Shoe lacing contest—First H. Eisenbrei; second H. Parmacott, jr.

100-yard dash for men—First, H. Carpenter, of Navarre; second, R. James.

Horizontal barrel race — First, James Sylvis; second, Karl Slicker.

WERE NO FIREWORKS.

There was much rain toward evening, dancing being prevented for an hour or more. The fireworks man also became discouraged, and took down all his paraphernalia. He said he could not give an exhibition in the wet, and feared to take any chances. The drawing took place at 4 o'clock.

The following is a list of the winners of prizes at the Labor Day picnic: Mrs. C. Witt, Peter Smith, S. Mist, Joe Kehler, Louis Walters, B. Bell, Emmet Kaufman, J. Mausz, Emil Schott, John Evans, C. S. Ertle, G. A. Hardgrove, J. E. Whisler, Mrs. Frank Berens, Joseph Warth, B. H. Sheehan, Harvey Brannen, Karl Reichard, J. E. Whistler, Ella Zellar, Ed Limbach, Thomas McDaniels, Joseph Appleby, L. L. Shertzer, Snap Ertle, W. J. Stuhldreher, George Blummor, C. H. Shank, Mrs. George Hall, John Hook, Otto Paul, Ed Clauss, Phil Koontz, George W. Doll, George Mabel, Louis Hess, T. Houk, Mrs. J. Cappelon, James Hame, W. M. Sheffler, Emil Gross, Roman Hurry, Joseph Reitmeyer.

Cured of Chronic Diarrhoea After Thirty Years Standing

"I suffered for thirty years with Diarrhoea, and thought I was past being cured," says John S. Halloway, of French Camp, Miss. "I had spent so much time and money and suffered so much that I had given up all hopes of recovery. I was so feeble from the effects of the Diarrhoe that I could do no kind of labor, could not even travel, but by accident I was permitted to find a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoe Remedy, and after taking several bottles I am entirely cured of that trouble. I am so pleased with the result that I am anxious that it be in reach of all who suffer as I have." For sale by E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzly and Rider & Snyder.

The Bronson Company will open a three night engagement at the Armory on Monday, Sept. 9.

A Name Twice Made Famous, Now a Shining Mark for Imitators.

The name "Chase," twice made famous, is a shining mark for the unscrupulous to pounce upon and appropriate in order to foist upon the public their worthless preparations. These birds of prey, by using the name Chase, expect the public to be fooled into believing they are the medicines of Dr. A. W. Chase, who first became noted as the author of the world famed Dr. Chase's Receipe Book and family physician, and whose fame is now doubly increased by the wonderful success of his Nerve Pills, with Nerve, Brain and Blood troubles. They play upon the name Chase, but dare not use the initials "A. W."

They imitate, but dare not counterfeit the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, which identifies the Nerve Pills now recognized as infallible for building up pale, weak, thin-blooded, nerve exhausted sufferers.

Who are nerve-tired and brain-weary.
Who are easily exhausted.
Who are wakeful—cannot sleep.
Who have nervous headache.

They remove the cause of blood impurities, securing refreshing sleep and impart strength.

They build up people who find their strength and vigor waning.

They settle irritated nerves, replace languor and lassitude with energy and animation. Cure Nervous Dyspepsia.

CAUTION.—The protection to the public in securing the genuine and original Dr. A. W. Chase preparation is in seeing the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., is on each box. These and these only are the genuine. Do not be satisfied with anything bearing the name "Chase" without the initials A. W. 50 cts. of Druggists or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by E. S. Craig.

MOVING CANAL DOVER MILL.

Sheet Steel Company Operating Plant.

Canal Dover, Sept. 3.—No hostile demonstrations occurred here on Labor Day. The chief speakers were Rev. Ruff of the M. E. church and Stephen Madden of Pittsburg, ex-secretary and treasurer of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers. The latter declared that the statement of the trust that the mill men at the Vandergrift mills were permitted to become members of the Amalgamated Association was not true. He declared that the present injunction was a scheme to aggravate the men to some over tact of trouble which would give the trust an excuse to use force in operating the mills. Mayor Bold did not speak as he had been scheduled to do. The tin mills are now in process of demolition and are being loaded for shipment. The American Sheet Steel Company claims to have sixty-five men in the mills here and seems to have no trouble in getting enough men to operate the mills.

They Never Fail.

Absolutely Harmless

Speedy and sure for all cases of headache, neuralgia, etc., are

Clinic Headache Wafers

the true heart tonic, easily taken, causing no bad after effects and leading to no drug habits.

CLINIC PHARMACAL CO., TORONTO, OHIO.

ALL DRUGGISTS, 10 CTS.

BAR-BEN

.....BUILDS UP THE.....

BODY, BRAIN and NERVES

and purifies the blood. It infuses new vigor and vitality into the weak, nervous and broken down system, stops all unnatural drains and causes a general feeling of health power and vitality. Within three days after taking the first dose you will notice the return of the old vim, snap and energy you have counted as lost forever. While the generative organs are helped to regain their normal powers and the sufferer is quickly made conscious of direct benefit. BAR-BEN makes the appetite keen, the digestion perfect and the nerves strong and steady as steel. BAR-BEN is especially efficacious for weak women.

All druggists, 50 cents or mailed sealed on receipt of price. Write for free sample,

The Bar-Ben Remedies Co., Cleveland, O.

For sale by J. M. Schuckers and Rider & Snyder.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Price 50c. and $1. Large size contains 2½ times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free.

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & CO. Chicago

Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont
Rider & Snyder, 2 East Main St.

Seats for the Bronson Company in repertoire, will be on sale at Bahney's on Friday morning.

DOE WAH JACK

Economical Fuel

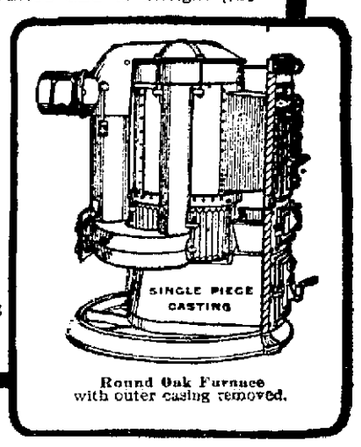
Whatever fuel is most economical, most convenient to your house, can be used in a Round Oak Furnace—chunks of wood, soft coal, hard coal, coke—anything that fire will consume. Whatever you put in it will give most heat, because Round Oak Furnaces waste no fuel; burn all the fuel, the gases, and most of the smoke; keep fire 12 hours with wood, 24 hours with coal. The

Round Oak Furnace

is solidly constructed and is airtight (the only airtight furnace,) and is reasonable in price. All of the heat goes into the house—no waste through flues outside the casing, chimney or in cellar.

If you want a furnace, write for the Round Oak Furnace book—full of fuel facts, hints on furnace regulation, etc.

Estate of P. D. BECKWITH, Dowagiac, Mich.
Makers of Beckwith's Round Oak, the most famous stove in the world.



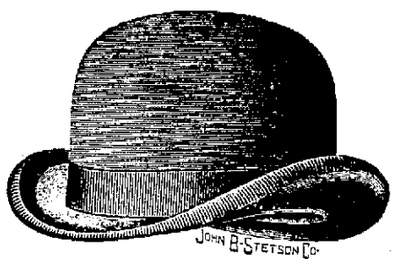
SINGLE PIECE CASTING

Round Oak Furnace with outer casing removed.

Round Oak Furnaces are for sale in Massillon by A. J. Paul.

Reduced Fares to California Via Pennsylvania Lines.

Special low rate tickets to San Francisco, account General Convention Episcopal Church, will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines Sept. 18th to 26th, inclusive, also on Sept. 27th for trains reaching Chicago or St. Louis that date. For further information see Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.



"STETSON SPECIAL" FOR FALL.

$5.00 **$5.00**

Sole licensed Agents for Stetson Fine Soft and Stiff Hats.

Doll's Hat and Shirt Store

4 East Main Street.

Real Estate Bulletin

20	lots on	S. Erie St.,	$400 to	$600
14	"	" Chester " ..	250 "	500
17	"	" Edwin " ..	200 "	450
18	"	" Dwight " ..	250 "	450
7	"	" George " ..	225 "	250
13	"	" Johnson St.	200 "	275
6	"	" Kent St.....		300
18	"	" off Akron St.....		150
8	"	off Waechter St.	$150-	200

1 lot on East Oak Street.

Also lots on Woodland Ave., Pear St., Tremont St., Center and Superior St.

CASH OR EASY TERMS.

JAMES R. DUNN,
Over 50 S. Erie St.

DO YOU INTEND TO STUDY

LAW?

For information as to the advantages offered by the

Western Reserve Law School

Address
E. H. HOPKINS, Dean, Cleveland.

At the Bar Examination, held at Columbus last June, twenty five per cent. of all the men failed; but every man from Western Reserve passed.

Neal's New Flouring Mill

IS ABOUT COMPLETED

And he cordially invites all his old customers and as many new ones as wish to derive the benefits obtained by his greatly improved machinery, to call and see him in his new quarters. He is prepared to buy your wheat, for which he will pay the highest market price.

September 1 he will be ready to exchange Flour, Middlings and Ground Feed for wheat. He intends to maintain his reputation for high grade products, and solicits your patronage.

M. NEAL,

Proprietor Massillon City Flouring Mills

THE BEE HIVE

Dress Goods, Much Under-Price.

THE BEE HIVE

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THESE SPECIAL OFFERINGS.

Dress Goods at 25c a Yard.

Fine Plaid Dress Goods also Novelties in Silk and wool, goods worth from 50c to $1.00 at **25c** a yard.

Suitings at 75c

We show a nice line of All-Wool Suitings in the new fall shades, 54 inches wide, usually sell at $1.25 a yard. Prices on this lot **75c** yard.

12½c Delaines at 6¼c.

Regular 12½c quality Delaines, browns, blues and black, figured, just half price at **6¼c**.

Summer Dress Goods 10c.

Among the lawns and summer goods on the table at **10c** yard, are short lengths and full dress patterns of goods that sold at 15c to 25c.

New Line of Fancy Shawls

They are just the thing for evening wear There is a nice assortment of fine white wool shawls in varions weights, also silk shawls in different colorings.

Double Faced Skirtings.

We have just received a full new line of these materials in blues, grays, browns and black. They are about 54 inches wide and the prices range from **$1.00** to **$2.50** a yard.

Short Corsets 50c.

At this popular price these correct style corsets are much in demand. We have them in white, blue and pink.

ALLMAN & PUTMAN.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEARBY TOWN NEWS

Newman's Sunday School Convention Successful.

WINTER WHEAT OUTLOOK GOOD.

Farmers in the Vicinity Already Busy Getting in the Crop—News From Riverdale, Beach City, Campcreek and Other Busy Communities.

Newman, Sept. 4.—Edward Thomas, of Navarre, circulated among his many Newman friends last week.

Mrs. Mary Miller and daughter Agnes, of Massillon, spent Sunday with friends at their old home.

Mrs. Thomas J. Morgan started for Youngstown last Sunday for an indefinite visit.

D. E. Rowlands, Albert Srack and T. Jefferson Morgan, who assisted in sinking the big coal mine near Pittsburg, have severed their connection with that place and are again enjoying their Newman homes.

Mr. and Mrs. John Prosser expect to spend this week at the Buffalo exposition and Niagara.

James Cooney, the efficient stable boss at the Klondike mine, is spending his vacation with the Griffith family.

The Newman party which visited the Buffalo exposition and Niagara Falls in company with Mr. and Mrs. David Johns and E. R. Davis, of Massillon, returned home last Thursday night, well pleased with their trip.

The Sunday school convention held in our local church last Sunday was a complete success. The address delivered by the Rev. F. H. Simpson, of Massillon, was highly complimented and gave evidence of deep thought and careful research. The papers read and discussed were pointed and interesting. The next meeting will be held at the chapel in November.

CRYSTAL SPRINGS.

Crystal Springs, Sept. 4.—Miss Dora Ries, of Akron, is visiting her parents at this place.

Miss Blanche M. Stuhldreher left Sunday for Chicago to resume her studies, having spent a vacation of several months at the home of her parents on Pleasant View farm.

Postmaster A. W. Leonard went to Cleveland Tuesday to be gone a few weeks.

August Kinshinsky and Fred Molson returned from Detroit on Monday.

Ruby and Gertrude Crookston returned home Saturday after a week's visit in Canal Fulton.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Ries spent Labor Day at Justus.

Mrs. Mary Shiedman, of Eaton Rapids, Mich., is the guest of relatives here.

Charles Bremkamp has returned from Toledo.

The Blue Bean youths won two games of ball from the Creek team on Sunday and Monday by the scores of 14 to 7 and 9 to 6.

The Gorman picnic was the main attraction at this place on Labor Day. The event took place in the Gorman grove (better known on other occasions as the "Sweitz"), a beautiful resort beneath the boughs of the large weeping willows on the banks of the Tuscarawas, whose waters gently flow onward and onward. Peter Meismer, treasurer of the Gorman association, was president of the day. Patrick H. Larkin, who was to have made an address, was unable to be present on account of sickness. His subject was "Anti-Trust." Impromptu speeches were delivered by R. D. King, H. B. Smith, Levi Wilson and other noted statesmen. Owing to the nature of the occasion the speakers based their remarks on non-political questions. There were foot races at close intervals; the principal heat was a fifty-yard dash between George Gebler and Peter Jeanty for the championship of the "Bush," Gebler being an easy winner. Next on the programme was a cake walk led by "Sport" Heiser, to the strain of Heckathorn's violin. "Stogy" Ries and "Goat Kiefer were declared winners. The tug of war was won by a team from the east end. Songs were sung individually and collectively. The fireworks and illumination at night on the river had to be dispensed with on account of the rain. Officers of the association made a balloon ascension at 6 o'clock, but by bad management of the parachute they came down in the river. Row boats came to their rescue. Refreshments were served and all had a good time.

RIVERSIDE.

Riverside, Sept. 4.—Farmers are very busy ploughing. Indications are that a large crop of wheat will be taken out this fall.

Ira Smith moved in the Eckroad residence last Monday near Rockville where he will in the near future open up a term of seven months school in that district.

Mr. Kile, of Beach City, has moved his sawmill from the Huffman woods in this vicinity, where he sawed a large bill of lumber for Mr. Garver, to Canal Dover, where he will saw another tract of timber purchased by Mr. Garver.

The farmers of this and the surrounding community report a very small potato crop in sight, and expect the yield to not more than supply their own tables.

A few farmers of this community are fortunate enough to have plenty of apples and are busy taking orders. At Zoar the report from the cider press men is that a very small amount of apples is coming in.

Mrs. Eli Miller, of Canton, visited her mother, Mrs. D. J. Younkman on Saturday.

Mrs. A. O. Shell, we are pleased to note, since her return from the Aultman hospital at Canton, is convalescing.

CAMPCREEK.

Campcreek, Sept. 4.—The Crystal Springs picnic held last Saturday was largely attended.

The Campcreek and Pigeon Run ball clubs played ball last Sunday, which resulted slightly in favor of the latter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Budd, a son.

William Scott and family visited at Pike Run last Sunday and Monday.

Miss Alvira Budd visited at Harvey Warstler's residence part of last week.

The singing teacher being absent last Sunday evening at Cross Roads the scholars adjourned to meet in two weeks.

A. Hofacre visited at Franklin Ott's residence last Monday.

NORTH LAWRENCE.

North Lawrence, Sept. 4.—Miss Minnie Biskup, of Massillon, spent Friday with her sister, Mrs. William Johnson.

Miss Jennie Pollock is visiting in Canton.

James Ryan, our dry goods merchant, has gone to Columbus on business.

Samuel Persky and family returned from Buffalo on Friday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. George Johnson, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. William Green, left on Sunday for Buffalo, where they will spend a week.

Henry Mullin and daughter Ellen left on Sunday for Detroit, where they will visit relatives.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Fairless, a son.

Labor Day was celebrated in a lively manner at this place, two ball games were played by Wooster and North Lawrence teams. Wooster was victorious the first game and North Lawrence the second. Foot races and shooting contests were indulged in by the sports. The dance in the evening was well attended by out of town people.

Miss Violet Farmer, of Akron, is visiting her mother at this place.

BEACH CITY.

Beach City, Sept. 3.—The schools organized for the year last Monday. A large attendance is reported. The conditions relative to schools in Beach City are of the best.

O. C. Weimer, of the Hay & Weimer store, was in Canton last Monday.

Miss Anna Shook and Jerusha McClintock visited in Bowerston over Sunday.

Our band went to Strasburg last Sunday to help the Strasburg band in an afternoon concert.

The M. E. church congregation are placing a heater under their church.

Alfred Crites and family moved to Canton last week. Mr. Crites sold his property here to J. D. Martz.

The new bank building is nearing completion and will be a beauty.

George Mizer was in St. Louis last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowland visited friends in Harrison county last week.

SIXTEEN.

Sixteen, Sept. 4.—Miss Ada Wertz, of Orrville, visited her cousin, Miss Verdie Oberlin, a few days last week.

Miss Vesta Muskopf, of near Beach City, is visiting friends at this place.

The musicale given at Crystal Springs tabernacle on Monday evening was very well attended. Everybody present seemed to enjoy the programme, which was well rendered.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Yost, of Burton City, visited relatives at this place on Tuesday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Jones, a son.

The Misses Verdie Oberlin, Nellie Snavely and Vesta Muskopf visited at the home of Albert Smith on Sunday.

* The Spencerian Commercial School, of Cleveland, will soon occupy a new home. Mr. H. T. Loomis, treasurer and manager of the college, has bought a corner lot, 134x360 feet, on the famous Euclid Avenue, and a new brick and stone building is to be erected at once for the exclusive use of the college. The school will occupy more than 20,000 square feet of floor space. The lot and building will represent an expenditure of about $160,000.

LOUISVILLE, O., April 23, 1900.

MR. A. A. SLUSSER, Dear Sir: I desire to recommend your Gall Powder as a success. Had a horse with a galled neck and could not heal it in any way. Was advised to use Slusser's Gall Powder, which I did, and must say it is all right. I worked my horse every day while using the gall cure. I consider it the best in the market.

S. I. HOCKENBERGER.

Sold by Baltzly and Rider & Snyder.

Iron and Copper and Where They are Found

Fully and interestingly described in the illustrated booklet containing large indexed map, plainly indicating the region in which this valuable ore is found, now ready for distribution by the Chicago & Northwestern R'y. Copy will be mailed to any address upon receipt of two-cent stamp by W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago.

Lime For Sale.

Prepared to sow with wheat with fertilize a drill inquire of J. S. Crow, Navarre.

He Got a Pass.

"Halt!" cried an alert patrolman in Manila as a beautifully caparisoned carriage drove up containing a portly gentleman. The driver reined his steeds, and the sentry, standing firmly in the center of the street, shouted, "Who is there?"

Not knowing what else to say, the occupant of the carriage answered, "Judge Taft, president of the civil commission."

"Advance, Judge Taft, to be recognized," bawled the sentry. The judge advanced, and the following dialogue took place:

Sentry—Have you a pass?

Taft—No, sir; do I require one?

Sentry—You do, sir, and it's my duty to run you in.

Taft—But I am the civil governor of the Philippine Islands.

Sentry—That doesn't cut any figure. You're a civilian and out after hours. I'll let you go by this time, but the next time I catch you you'll have to see the captain."

"Thank you" murmured Judge Taft as he drove away. And there and then he formed a resolution to put in an application for a pass. According to the Manila Freedom, he got it.

A Couple of Bulls.

An advertisement recently published in a newspaper in Ireland set forth that "Michael Ryan begs to inform the public that he has a large stock of cars, wagonettes, brakes, hearses and other pleasure vehicles for sale or hire."

This is the same paper which, in a glowing description of a funeral, announced that "Mrs. B. of G—— sent a magnificent wreath of artificial flowers in the form of a cross."

Athletes are short lived, and giants seldom live out the allotted time of threescore years and ten. They expend too much vitality.

Business College Opening

THE FALL TERM At the **Massillon Actual Business College** Day School opens this week

OUR COURSES Afford the very quickest, cheapest and best educational preparation a young man or woman can make to get a start in life.

THE BEST BUSINESS SCHOOL That is what we aim to conduct. We want you to call at our office and examine our courses, and our manager will take pleasure in showing you through our several departments. We want to acquaint you with our facilities and explain to you how our courses benefit young men and women.

OFFICE OPEN DAY AND EVENING.

H. C. YOCUM, Sec'y & Mgr.

THE MARKETS.

Pittsburg, Sept. 3.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 68@69c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow shelled, 62½@63½c; No 2 yellow ear, 64½@65c; high mixed car, 63@64c.

OATS—No. 2 white, 40@41c; extra No. 3 white, 39@40c; regular No. 3, 38@39c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $14.25@14.75; No. 2, $13.00@13.50; No 1 mixed hay, $11.00@11.50; No. 1 clover hay, $11.00@11.50; No. 1 prairie hay, $10.50@11.00.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, prints, 23@23½c; do tubs, 22@22½c; Ohio and Pennsylvania creamery, 20@20½c; dairy butter, 15@16c; fresh country roll, 13@14c; cooking butter, 10@13c.

CHEESE—New York full cream, 10¾@11c; Ohio, 10½@10½c; three-fourths cream, Ohio, 9½@9½c; Ohio Swiss, tubs, 13@14c; Wisconsin Swiss, tubs, 15@15½c; 20-pound blocks, Swiss, new, 14½c; 5-pound brick cheese, 14½@15c; limberger, new, 13@13½c.

EGGS—Fresh candled, dozen, 17@18c; at mark, 14@16c; seconds, 10@10½c.

POULTRY—Chickens, live hens, per lb., 9@10c; springers, 10@12c; roosters, 5@6c lb; turkeys, per lb, 7@8c; do dressed, 13@14c; hens dressed, pr lb, 14@15c; geese, live, 75@$1.00 per pair; ducks, spring, 10c; dressed, 15@16c.

Pittsburg, Sept. 3.

CATTLE—Supply light; market steady. We quote: Choice, $5.65@6.80; prime, $5.45@5.60; good, $5.15@5.50; tidy, $4.90@5.15; good grass cattle, $3.90@4.50; heifers, $2.00@4.40; oxen, $2.50@4.50; fat cows, $2.00@4.10; bulls and stags, $2.00@4.00; common to fresh cows and springers, $20.00@35.00; good fresh cows, $35.00@56.00.

HOGS—Receipts light; about 5 cars on sale; market steady. We quote: Prime medium and heavy Yorkers, $6.95@7.00; good light Yorkers, $6.90@6.95; heavy hogs, $6.80@6.85; pigs, as to weight and quality, $6.60@6.85; roughs, $4.50@6.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light; market steady. We quote: Best wethers, $4.00@4.15; good, $3.60@3.85; mixed, $3.10@3.50; culls and common, $1.25@2.25; yearlings, $2.50@4.25; spring lambs, $3.00@5.50; veal calves, $6.00@6.50; heavy and thin, $4.00.

New York, Sept. 3.

WHEAT—Spot market easy; No. 2 red, 76¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 red, 75½c in elevator; No 1 Northern Duluth, 77¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Duluth, 83½c f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—Spot market quiet; No 2, 61¾c in elevator and 62½c f. o. b. afloat.

OATS—Spot markt quiet; No. 2, 38½; No. 3, 38c; No 3 white, 39½c; No 2 white, 40@40¼c; track mixed western, 38@39½c; track white western, 39@47c; track fhite state, 38@47c.

CATTLE—No trading in live cattle; market steady.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady; lambs active; top grades firm to a shade higher; all sold. Sheep, $2.50@3.75; lambs, $5.00@6.25; one deck, $6.37½c; culls, $3.50@4.00.

HOGS—Market nominally lower.

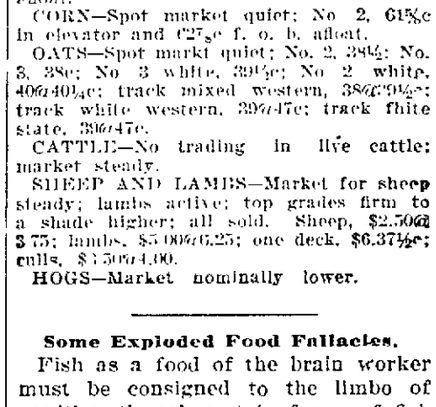
Some Exploded Food Fallacies.

Fish as a food of the brain worker must be consigned to the limbo of vanities, though certain forms of fish are the cheapest of all foods, notably the bloater. Oysters and turtle soup are frauds. It would take 14 oysters to equal the nourishment of one egg and 223 to provide the same amount of nutriment contained in a pound of beef.

Salt fish, especially salt fat fish, is the most valuable food for the poorer classes, and whole races in the south of Europe live on the Newfoundland cod. Canned salmon we see at 18 pence a pound is no more expensive than cod at sixpence. Millions of people live on it, and the North American settler who is not well provided with cash finds it a good substitute and change from fresh meat at times.

Frogs' legs are not of high nutritive value, which need not surprise us. Turtle soup from the chemist's point of view is not worth a tenth of the price paid for it.—Exchange.

The Eminent Kidney and Bladder Specialist.



The Discoverer of Swamp-Root at Work in His Laboratory.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Then the richness of the blood—the albumen—leaks out and the sufferer has Bright's Disease, the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** the new discovery is the true specific for kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. It has cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases, after all other efforts have failed. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. A sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling about Swamp-Root and its wonderful cures. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. and mention this paper.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat (old)	68
Wheat (new)	68
Hay, per ton	8 00@10 00
Straw, per ton	$6 00 7 00
Corn	55
Oats	32@35
Middlings, per 100 lbs	1 00
Clover Seed	5 00
Timothy Seed	1 50@2 00
Rye, per bu	50
Barley	50
Flax seed	1 50
Wool	15@16
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel	90@1 00
Beets, doz bunches	25
Apples	40@50
Cabbage, doz	50
White beans	2 75
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter	18@20
Eggs (fresh)	15
Live Spring Chickens, apiece	20@25
Chickens, dressed, (old) per lb	11
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Ham	11
Shoulder	08
Lard	09
Sides	06 to 07
Cheese	10@12
The following are retail prices:	
Bran, per 100 lbs	95
Middlings per 100 lbs	95

B. W. Pursell, Kintersville, Pa., says he suffered 25 years with piles and could obtain no relief until DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve effected a permanent cure. Counterfeits are worthless. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best emedy for diarrhœa. 25c a bottle.

Geo. W. Lane, Pewamo, Mich., writes: "Your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the best remedy for indigestion and stomach trouble that I ever used. For years I suffered from Dyspepsia, at times compelling me to stay in bed and causing me untold agony. I am completely cured by Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. In recommending it to friends who suffer from indigestion, I always offer to pay for it if it fails. Thus far I have never paid." Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St., Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

BIG TIME AT BUFFALO.

Railroad Day at the Pan-American Exposition.

The second Saturday in September, the 14th, will be Railroad Day at the Pan American Exposition. It promises to be one of the most interesting days of the great show at Buffalo. Elaborate arrangements have been completed for an interesting and novel demonstration. The grand parade on the Exposition grounds that day will be extremely unique and interesting. It will illustrate the different methods of transportation in use since Adam and Eve moved out of the Garden of Eden. There will be many striking novelties in the way of special features. Hon Chauncey Depew will be one of the distinguished orators. The night illuminations and fireworks will be on a magnificent scale. The day and night festivities will be highly enjoyable for Pan-American Exposition visitors. Special low fares in effect over the Pennsylvania Lines will permit everybody to attend at small expense. For particulars about the cost of tickets, through time to Buffalo, etc., apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

"Something doing every second" is the programme for Railroad Day at the Pan-American Exposition, Saturday, Sept. 14. Low fares via Pennsylvania lines.

$1.20 Canton to Cleveland and Return via C. T. & V.—B. & O. R. R.

September 8th to 12th inclusive, account G. A. R. Encampment. Good returning to September 15th subject to extension to October 5th, 1901.

CHATTANOOGA

Nat. Ass. Letter Carriers, SEPTEMBER 2-7 1901.

QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE.

Finest trains south. Three trains a day from Cincinnati. Only direct line.

ONE FARE ROUND TRIP.

Ask ticket agents for particulars.

W. J Murphy, Gen'l Manager. **W. C Rinearson,** Gen'l Pass'gr. Agt CINCINNATI.

Reduced Rates for Wheeling Fair via Pennsylvania Lines.

Account State Fair and the Exposition, September 9th to 13th, excursion tickets will be sold from Pittsburg, Coshocton, Chester and intermediate ticket stations to Wheeling, and from Massillon, Rochester, Powhatan and intermediate stations to Bridgeport. See Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

Many physicians are now prescribing Kodol Dyspepsia Cure regularly, having found that it is the best prescription they can write, because it is the one preparation that contains the elements necessary to digest not only some kinds of food but all kinds and it therefore cures indigestion and dyspepsia, no matter what its cause. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St., Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

Excursions to Tennessee and Virginia via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold August 31st and September 1st to Chattanooga, Tenn., account Convention of Letter Carriers National Association, valid to return until September 10th. Also on September 7th and 8th, to Norfolk, Va., account Convention C. O. of H. H., good returning until September 15th. For particulars see Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

Norris Silver, North Stratford, N. H.: "I purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure when suffering with a cough doctors told me was incurable. One bottle relieved me, the second and third almost cured me. Today I am a well man." Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St., Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

W. & L. E. Excursions.

$1.00 to Cleveland, O.
$1.00 to Zanesville, O.
$1.25 to Steubenville, O.
$1.25 to Wheeling, W. Va

Every Sunday via the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad.

Sid Darling, 1012 Howard St., Port Huron, Mich., writes: "I have tried many pills and laxatives but DeWitt's Little Early Risers are far the best pills I have ever used." They never gripe. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St., Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

Wayne County Fair Excursions to Wooster via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to Wooster for the Wayne County Fair will be sold Sept. 10th to 12th, inclusive, from Mansfield, Canton and intermediate stations on the Pennsylvania Lines. For particulars see local agents.

Don't wait until you become chronically constipated but take DeWitt's Little Early Risers now and then. They will keep your liver and bowels in good order. Easy to take. Safe Pills. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

AN EASTERN TRIP

On Excursion Tickets Over the Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to New York may be obtained at principal ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Lines, good going and returning over the Pennsylvania Lines—or going via Pennsylvania Lines and returning via the other direct lines from New York, including the routes via Buffalo with privilege of stopping over at that point to take in the Pan-American Exposition and Niagara Falls, or returning via Washington, D. C., with stop-over at that point. Full information will be furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines.

Henry Brayden, Harris, N. C. says: "I took medicine 20 years for asthma, but one bottle of One Minute Cough Cure did me more good than anything else during that time. Best Cough Cure. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St., Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

Reduced Fares to California Via Pennsylvania Lines.

Special low rate tickets to San Francisco, account General Convention Episcopal Church, will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines Sept. 18th to 26th, inclusive, also on Sept. 27th for trains reaching Chicago or St. Louis that date. For further information see Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

A never failing cure for cuts, burns, scalds, ulcers, wounds and sores is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A most soothing and healing remedy for all skin affections. Accept only the genuine. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

The Bronson Company will open a three night engagement at the Armory on Monday, Sept. 9.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned, executor of the estate of John McIntosh, deceased, will offer at public sale the house at No. 294 West Tremont street, in the city of Massillon, Stark county, Ohio, on

Saturday, September 14, 1901,

at one o'clock, p. m. The house contains seven rooms, with all modern conveniences, with slate roof, cistern and city water, cellar basement, and is an elegant home Lot, 60x180. Possession given at once.

TERMS—One half cash on day of sale, and one-half on or before September 14, 1902, with interest from day of sale, and secured by mortgage on the premises sold.

Appraised at $2,000.

JOHN J. WEFLER,
Executor of the estate of John McIntosh, deceased.

Massillon, O., August 14, 1901.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work!"

Send for our FREE booklet, "Golden Rules for Housework."

If you are using soap for your cleaning, you will find that

GOLD DUST

is more convenient, cheaper and better than any soap at any price. There is no cleanser of any kind as good as GOLD DUST, and no cleaning that GOLD DUST will not do better than anything else. Try it once and you will always use it.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston.

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